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YouTube Prayer Link

In spiritual warfare, we are the best soldiers

Summary of 2 Samuel Chapter 10: This chapter deals with the war between Israel and the Ammonites and Syrians. After the death of Nahash, king of the children of Ammon, Hanun his son succeeded him. Hanun wanted to make overtures to David, but after being insulted by the envoys sent by David, Hanun decided to start a war. David sent an army to meet him, one of which was led by Joab, one of David's generals. In two battles, the Israelites won and defeated the Ammonites and the Syrians. However, in the second battle, Joab brutally killed some innocent among the Syrians, much to David's displeasure. This chapter shows David's military wisdom and Joab's cruelty, as well as the tragic plight of innocents in war. As we face life's challenges and difficulties, we can compare ourselves to spiritual soldiers who stand on the battlefield for the Lord. Prayer is our weapon, and through prayer we can express our troubles and supplications to God, seeking His help and guidance. Soothing an irritable and disordered mind, just as adjusting equipment on the battlefield, we can find inner peace and tranquility through prayer and intimacy with the Lord. Let us come to the Lord every day and pour out our hearts and seek His peace and wisdom, so that we can stand steadfast in the path of faith like spiritual soldiers.

Church ministry should focus on the quality of believers rather than the number of believers, and in their dealings and attitudes, they should live out the loving heart of the Lord, help one another and keep watching, fight for the kingdom of God, and take the fulfillment of God's will as the primary goal.

When it comes to spiritual warfare, we have to mention the fact of fighting against the demons in heaven. Here are some related verses:

1 Peter 5:8: "Be sober, keep watch." For your adversary, the devil, is like a roaring lion, which walks about in search of whom he may devour."

1 Timothy 4:1: "The Spirit expressly says that in the latter times some will turn away from the faith and give heed to seducing spirits and doctrines." "

Ephesians 6:10-18: This passage mentions the wearing of the full armor given by God, including the girdle of truth, the breastplate of righteousness, the gospel of peace, the shield of faith, the helmet of salvation, and the sword of the Holy Spirit. This equipment helps us stand on the spiritual battlefield and be able to stand up to the devil's tricks.

1Tim 6:12: This text tells us to fight this good fight like a good soldier and lay hold on to eternal life. We are called to be the best soldiers of Christ, to fight for eternal purposes.

2 Timothy 2:3-4: This passage is a metaphor for Christians as soldiers, like the soldiers of Christ Jesus, who are not entangled in worldly affairs and concentrate on fulfilling the tasks God has entrusted to us.

2Corinthians 10:4-5: This passage speaks of our wars not of the flesh, but of the ability to tear down the mind and everything that is arrogant against God before God, and to surrender all minds to the authority of Christ.

These verses emphasize the responsibility and role of Christians on the spiritual battlefield and remind us to always be ready to fight for the Lord as spiritual soldiers.

Our spiritual warfare is based on God's loving nature and the desire to accomplish His will, not on competitiveness, competition with others, unnecessary enmity, suspicion, and strife, which can lead to the loss of witness, and the dishonour of the name of Christ.

We pray

Dear Heavenly Father, thank You for giving us the title of being Your children and giving us the title of Your best warriors. We humbly pray before You that You will give us the spiritual strength and wisdom to stand courageously on the spiritual battlefield against all the forces of evil. Give us the faith and courage to defeat all enemies in the name of Christ and to act in Your will. Give us a keen spirituality so that we can listen to the Holy Spirit's guidance and always submit to Your will. Lord, keep us from temptation and temptation so that we can stand firm in Your truth and righteousness. May we be Your salt and light to illuminate the world and manifest Your glory and power. In the name of Jesus Christ, amen.

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## 2 Samuel

## CHAPTER 10

2Sa. 10:1 In the course of time, the king of the Ammonites died, and his son Hanun succeeded him as king.

2Sa. 10:2 David thought, "I will show kindness to Hanun son of Nahash, just as his father showed kindness to me." So David sent a delegation to express his sympathy to Hanun concerning his father. When David's men came to the land of the Ammonites,

2Sa. 10:3 the Ammonite nobles said to Hanun their lord, "Do you think David is honouring your father by sending men to you to express sympathy? Hasn't David sent them to you to explore the city and spy it out and overthrow it?"

2Sa. 10:4 So Hanun seized David's men, shaved off half of each man's

beard, cut off their garments in the middle at the buttocks, and sent them away.

2Sa. 10:5 When David was told about this, he sent messengers to meet the men, for they were greatly humiliated. The king said, "Stay at Jericho till your beards have grown, and then come back."

2Sa. 10:6 When the Ammonites realised that they had become an offence to David's nostrils, they hired twenty thousand

Aramean foot soldiers from Beth Rehob and Zobah, as well

729 as the king of Maacah with a thousand men, and also twelve thousand men from Tob.

2Sa. 10:7 On hearing this, David sent Joab out with the entire army of fighting men.

2Sa. 10:8 The Ammonites came out and drew up in battle formation at the entrance to their city gate, while the Arameans of Zobah and Rehob and the men of Tob and Maacah were by themselves in the open country.

2Sa. 10:9 Joab saw that there were battle lines in front of him and behind him; so he selected some of the best troops in Israel and deployed them against the Arameans.

2Sa. 10:10 He put the rest of the men under the command of Abishai his brother and deployed them against the Ammonites.

2Sa. 10:11 Joab said, "If the Arameans are too strong for me, then you are to come to my rescue; but if the Ammonites are too strong for you, then I will come to rescue you.

2Sa. 10:12 Be strong and let us fight bravely for our people and the cities of our God. The LORD will do what is good in his sight."

2Sa. 10:13 Then Joab and the troops with him advanced to fight the Arameans, and they fled before him.

2Sa. 10:14 When the Ammonites saw that the Arameans were fleeing, they fled before Abishai and went inside the city. So Joab returned from fighting the Ammonites and came to Jerusalem.

2Sa. 10:15 After the Arameans saw that they had been routed by Israel, they regrouped.

2Sa. 10:16 Hadadezer had Arameans brought from beyond the River; [That is, the Euphrates] they went to Helam, with Shobach the commander of Hadadezer's army leading them.

2Sa. 10:17 When David was told of this, he gathered all Israel, crossed the Jordan and went to Helam. The Arameans formed their battle lines to meet David and fought against him.

2Sa. 10:18 But they fled before Israel, and David killed seven hundred of their charioteers and forty thousand of their foot soldiers. [Some Septuagint manuscripts (see also 1 Chron. 19:18); Hebrew horsemen] He also struck down Shobach the commander of their army, and he died there.

2Sa. 10:19 When all the kings who were vassals of Hadadezer saw that they had been defeated by Israel, they made peace with the Israelites and became subject to them. So the Arameans were afraid to help the Ammonites any more.

Chapter 10 of the book of 2 Samuel describes a conflict between Israel and the Ammonites. When the Ammonites humiliate David's messengers who had come to offer condolences on the death of their king, David sends his army to attack them. The Ammonites ally with the Arameans, and the two armies face off against each other. David's general, Joab, devises a plan to divide the enemy forces and defeats them in battle. The Arameans flee, and the Ammonites retreat to their city. David and his army capture the city and take much spoil, including precious metals and numerous captives. The chapter emphasizes the strength and military prowess of David's kingdom and the success of his military campaigns. It also shows the importance of loyalty and support from trusted advisors such as Joab.

Here are some important verses from chapter 10 of the book of 2 Samuel:

- 1. "In the course of time, the king of the Ammonites died, and his son Hanun succeeded him as king." (2 Samuel 10:1) This verse sets the stage for the chapter, as it describes the change in leadership in the Ammonite kingdom that leads to conflict with David.
- 2. "When David was told about this, he sent messengers to express his sympathy to Hanun concerning his father." (2 Samuel 10:2) This verse shows David's initial attempt to establish peaceful relations with Hanun and the Ammonites.
- 3. "But when David's men came to the land of the Ammonites, the Ammonite commanders said to Hanun their lord, 'Do you think David is honoring your father by sending men to you to express sympathy? Hasn't David sent them to you to explore the city and spy it out and overthrow it?" (2 Samuel 10:3) This verse shows how Hanun's advisors convinced him that David's intentions were hostile, leading to a conflict between the Ammonites and the Israelites.
- 4. "Joab saw that there were battle lines in front of him and behind him; so he selected some of the best troops in Israel and deployed them against the Arameans. He put the rest of the men under the command of his brother Abishai, who deployed them against the Ammonites." (2 Samuel 10:9) This verse shows how Joab, David's military commander, divided his forces to face the Ammonites and Arameans in battle.
- 5. "Joab replied, 'If the Arameans are too strong for me, then you are to come to my rescue; but if the Ammonites are too strong for you, then I will come to rescue you. Be strong, and let us fight bravely for our people and the cities of our God. The Lord will do what is good in his sight." (2 Samuel 10:11-12) This verse shows how Joab encourages his brother Abishai before the battle, reminding him of their duty to fight bravely for their people and to trust in the Lord for the outcome of the battle.

Overall, chapter 10 of 2 Samuel describes the conflict between David's army and the

Ammonites and Arameans. The chapter highlights the importance of wise leadership, as David's attempt to establish peaceful relations is undermined by the treachery of Hanun's advisors. The chapter also emphasizes the role of courage and trust in the face of conflict, as Joab and Abishai inspire their troops and rely on the Lord's guidance in battle.

In 2 Samuel Chapter 10, we witness a series of events involving David, his messengers, and the Ammonites. Here are some key reflections from the chapter:

David's Desire for Kindness: The chapter begins with David wanting to show kindness to Hanun, the new king of the Ammonites, as a gesture of goodwill. David sends messengers to express his condolences for the death of Hanun's father, King Nahash. This reflects David's desire for peaceful relations and his intention to extend kindness to other nations.

Hanun's Misinterpretation: Unfortunately, Hanun's advisors misinterpret David's gesture as a hostile act. They convince Hanun that David's messengers are spies, leading to an insulting treatment of the messengers. This misinterpretation creates tension and escalates the conflict between the Ammonites and Israel.

The War with the Ammonites: When David hears about the mistreatment of his messengers, he prepares his army to engage in battle against the Ammonites. This reflects David's willingness to defend his honor and protect his kingdom. The ensuing war demonstrates the consequences of misunderstandings and the potential for conflicts to arise from miscommunication.

David's Victory: Despite the initial misunderstanding, David emerges victorious in the battle against the Ammonites and their allies. The chapter highlights David's military prowess and the strength of the army under his command. It serves as a reminder of God's presence and assistance in David's military endeavors.

The Importance of Diplomacy: Chapter 10 underscores the significance of diplomacy and communication in international relations. It demonstrates how misunderstandings and misinterpretations can quickly escalate conflicts. It highlights the need for careful consideration and discernment in handling sensitive matters, as well as the potential consequences of hasty decisions.

Overall, 2 Samuel Chapter 10 reflects David's initial intention for kindness and peaceful relations, the misinterpretation of his gesture by Hanun and his advisors, the ensuing war between the Ammonites and Israel, David's military victory, and the importance of diplomacy in avoiding conflicts. This chapter serves as a cautionary tale about the power of perception and the significance of clear communication in maintaining peaceful relations among nations.