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Daily Rice 2023 November 2

YouTube Prayer Link

Deuteronomy chapter 14

14:2 for you are a people holy to the LORD your God. Out of all the peoples on the face of the earth, the LORD has chosen you to be his treasured possession.

Sanctification: Moses told the Israelites to be set apart because they were God's people. He taught them to stay away from unclean things and food, and to obey God's food laws. This passage reminds us that as believers, we should also be set apart, distance ourselves from the unclean things of the world, and obey God's morals and teachings.

God has chosen you to be His people: a wonderful journey of faith

Faith is one of the most mysterious and powerful forces in human history, and it can guide our values, behaviors, and lifestyles. For many, faith is a power, a being that transcends itself, that is deeply rooted in our hearts and minds and guides the trajectory of our lives. When we think about the fact that God has chosen us specifically as His own people, this theme of faith becomes more profound.

In different religions and belief systems, we can find the idea that God has chosen specific groups of people to call them His people and to give them special missions and responsibilities. This idea exists in many religions, such as Judaism, Christianity, and others, and occupies an important place in their historical and classical texts.

God's selection of special people and giving them a unique purpose can be interpreted as a kind of guidance and goal. This guidance can be moral and ethical,

teaching people how to live, how to get along with others, and how to care for their communities and the world. It can also be a spiritual guide on how to connect with God and grow spiritually through the practice of faith.

However, God's selection of special people also brings with it responsibilities and challenges. The chosen ones need to obey God's commandments and faithfully fulfill His will. This may require adjustments to one's own and the community's way of life, and often the need to face difficulties and trials. At the same time, the chosen ones also need to spread God's message, light the way, and lead others to God's love and mercy.

Whether you are in any religion or have a different worldview, it reminds us that we need a purpose and values in our lives that are higher than our own. Such purposes can be the pursuit of love, peace, justice and kindness, as well as a positive contribution to society and the world. It can also be related to one's own spiritual life, through

When Christians believe that God has chosen them specifically as His people, this view of faith has a profound and important impact on Christianity. Here are some possible responses and reflections Christians may take:

Humility and gratitude: Christians should be humble and thankful for God's choice. Believing to be God's chosen people means taking on a special responsibility and mission. This idea should motivate Christians to live more humbly and to be thankful for God's love and grace.

Moral Living: Christians who have been chosen by God to be His people should live by the teachings of Christ and live by moral standards that demonstrate God's holiness and love. This includes loving neighbor, doing righteousness, practicing lovingkindness, humility, and so on. The Christian life should be a witness to others and a manifestation of God's will.

Service and Mission: Christians believe that they are chosen not only to be saved, but also to serve the kingdom and mission of God. This may include evangelism, participation in church ministry, helping those in need, and participation in social justice efforts. Christians should dedicate their lives to God's mission and actively participate in the building of God's kingdom.

Build a deeper relationship with God: God's choice of Christians as His people means that they should work harder to have a deep relationship with God. This includes prayer, reading the Bible, participating in worship and devotional, in order

to better understand God's will, receive His guidance, and follow His teachings in your life.

Global Missions: Christians believe that God's election is global and not limited to a particular ethnic group or region. Therefore, Christians should be actively involved in missionary work to spread the gospel throughout the world and give others the opportunity to know Jesus Christ as well.

Christians should have a sense of responsibility toward God's choice of them as their own people, not only in their personal lives, but also in their impact on society and the world. They should live with love, humility, and a sense of mission, and continually pursue a relationship with God to accomplish His will.

God's Choice of Specific People In the Christian scriptures, the Bible, there are several passages and passages that refer to this subject, especially in the Old Testament. Here are some of the main scriptures related to this topic:

Exodus 19:5-6 (Israel's chosen)

"Now if I hearken unto my voice and keep my covenant, you shall be my own people among all peoples, for the whole earth is mine. Ye shall return to me a kingdom of priests, a holy nation. Speak these words to the Israelites. "

Exodus 7:6 (Aaron and Moses)

Moses and Aaron did so, as the Lord commanded them. "

Isaiah 43:20-21 (Israel's Redemption)

"The beasts of the field will honor my name, wild dogs and ostriches, for I have made water in the wilderness and rivers in the desert to save my people, whom I have chosen. This people I myself have created to speak of my virtues. "

1 Peter 2:9-10 (Christians as a chosen race)

"But you are a chosen people, a royal priesthood, a holy nation, a people of God, that you may proclaim the virtues of him who called you out of darkness into the wonderful light. You were not a people, but now you are God's people, and you have not been shown mercy, but now you have mercy. "

These verses show that God has chosen a particular people, whether the nation of Israel or Christians, many times in the Bible and given them special missions and responsibilities to manifest His will and glory. These verses also emphasize that

these people should live in accordance with God's requirements and play an active role in the world.

We pray together and seek God's wisdom, strength, and grace to better fulfill our mission and responsibilities.

Dear Heavenly Father, we come to you and thank you for choosing us as your special people. We thank you for your love and grace and are willing to live under your guidance to manifest your will and love.

Give us humility so that we will always remember your grace. Help us to keep your commandments and live out the values of morality and love that demonstrate your holiness.

We ask you to give us the strength and wisdom to actively participate in the ministry and mission. Help us spread the gospel, shine a light on the world, help those in need, and participate in social justice efforts.

Help us to build a deeper relationship and be closer to you. Let our faith grow day by day, our spiritual life grow to the fullest, and seek Your will.

Finally, bless us to be witnesses of love and compassion to spread your love into the world. In the name of Jesus Christ we pray. Amen.

Deuteronomy chapter 14

De. 14:1 You are the children of the LORD your God. Do not cut yourselves or shave the front of your heads for the dead,

De. 14:2 for you are a people holy to the LORD your God. Out of all the peoples on the face of the earth, the LORD has chosen you to be his treasured possession.

De. 14:3 Do not eat any detestable thing.

De. 14:4 These are the animals you may eat: the ox, the sheep, the goat,

De. 14:5 the deer, the gazelle, the roe deer, the wild goat, the ibex, the antelope and the mountain sheep.

De. 14:6 You may eat any animal that has a split hoof divided in two and that chews the cud.

De. 14:7 However, of those that chew the cud or that have a split hoof completely divided you may not eat the camel, the rabbit or the coney. Although they chew the cud, they do not have a split hoof; they are ceremonially unclean for you.

De. 14:8 The pig is also unclean; although it has a split hoof, it does not chew the cud. You are not to eat their meat or touch their carcasses.

De. 14:9 Of all the creatures living in the water, you may eat any that has fins and scales.

De. 14:10 But anything that does not have fins and scales you may not eat; for you it is unclean.

De. 14:11 You may eat any clean bird.

De. 14:12 But these you may not eat: the eagle, the vulture, the black vulture,

De. 14:13 the red kite, the black kite, any kind of falcon,

De. 14:14 any kind of raven,

De. 14:15 the horned owl, the screech owl, the gull, any kind of hawk,

De. 14:16 the little owl, the great owl, the white owl,

De. 14:17 the desert owl, the osprey, the cormorant,

De. 14:18 the stork, any kind of heron, the hoopoe and the bat. De. 14:19 All flying insects that swarm are unclean to you; do not eat them.

De. 14:20 But any winged creature that is clean you may eat.

De. 14:21 Do not eat anything you find already dead. You may give it to an alien living in any of your towns, and he may eat it, or you may sell it to a foreigner. But you are a people holy to the LORD your God. Do not cook a young goat in its mother's milk.

De. 14:22 Be sure to set aside a tenth of all that your fields produce each year.

De. 14:23 Eat the tithe of your grain, new wine and oil, and the firstborn of your herds and flocks in the presence of the LORD your God at the place he will choose as a dwelling for his Name, so that you may learn to revere the LORD your God always.

De. 14:24 But if that place is too distant and you have been blessed by the LORD your God and cannot carry your tithe (because the place where the LORD will choose to put his Name is so far away),

De. 14:25 then exchange your tithe for silver, and take the silver with you and go to the place the LORD your God will choose.

De. 14:26 Use the silver to buy whatever you like: cattle, sheep, wine or other fermented drink, or anything you wish. Then you and your household shall eat there in the presence of the LORD your God and rejoice.

De. 14:27 And do not neglect the Levites living in your towns, for they have no allotment or inheritance of their own.

De. 14:28 At the end of every three years, bring all the tithes of that year's produce and store it in your towns,

De. 14:29 so that the Levites (who have no allotment or inheritance of their own) and the aliens, the fatherless and the widows who live in your towns may come and eat and be satisfied, and so that the LORD your God may bless you in all the work of your hands.

In Chapter 14, Moses continues to give instructions to the Israelites about the proper way to worship God. He begins by reiterating the rules about what animals can be eaten and which cannot. He reminds them to only eat animals that are considered clean, and not to eat animals that are considered unclean.

Moses then instructs the Israelites to tithe a portion of their produce and livestock to the Lord. He reminds them that the tithe is a way of showing their gratitude to God for His provision, and it should be given to support the Levites, who do not have their own land to farm.

Next, Moses instructs the Israelites on the proper way to celebrate the Year of Jubilee, which occurs every 50 years. During this year, all debts are cancelled, and all land and property that was sold is returned to its original owners.

Moses concludes the chapter by reminding the Israelites to be holy, just as God is holy. He instructs them to be careful to obey all of God's commands and to avoid anything that is unclean or defiling.

Overall, Chapter 14 emphasizes the importance of proper worship and giving back to God through tithes and offerings. Moses instructs the Israelites on the proper way to eat and which animals are considered clean, and he reminds them to support the Levites through their tithes. He also instructs them on the proper way to celebrate the Year of Jubilee and reminds them to be holy and obedient to God's commands.

Here are some key verses from Chapter 14 of the Book of Deuteronomy in the Christian Bible:

1. "You are the children of the Lord your God. Do not cut yourselves or shave the front of your heads for the dead," (Deuteronomy 14:1)
2. "Do not eat any detestable thing." (Deuteronomy 14:3)
3. "You may eat any animal that has a divided hoof and that chews the cud." (Deuteronomy 14:6)

4. "But you must not eat the blood; pour it out on the ground like water." (Deuteronomy 14:21)

5. "Be sure to set aside a tenth of all that your fields produce each year." (Deuteronomy 14:22)

These verses speak to a variety of topics, including mourning customs, dietary laws, and tithing. The verses caution against certain practices that were common in ancient times, such as cutting oneself or shaving the head as a sign of mourning. They also provide guidance on what is and is not acceptable to eat, stressing the importance of following God's commands in all aspects of life. Finally, the verses call on the Israelites to give a tithe, or a tenth of their produce, to the Lord each year. Together, these verses emphasize the importance of following God's laws and living a life that is pleasing to Him.

Chapter 14 of the Book of Deuteronomy addresses various laws and regulations regarding food, tithing, and caring for the poor. Here is a reflection on some key themes and lessons from this chapter:

Dietary Laws: Moses outlines the dietary laws for the Israelites, distinguishing between clean and unclean animals. The purpose of these laws was to set the Israelites apart from the surrounding nations and to teach them to discern between what is holy and what is common. While these specific dietary laws no longer apply to Christians today, they serve as a reminder of the importance of discernment and holiness in our choices and lifestyle.

Tithing: Moses instructs the Israelites to bring a tithe of their produce, livestock, and other blessings to the place of worship. This was a practice of giving a tenth of their income or resources as an offering to God. It served as a way of acknowledging God's provision, supporting the Levites who had no inheritance, and assisting the poor and needy. It teaches us the principles of generosity, stewardship, and caring for the less fortunate.

Holiness in Personal Appearance: Moses addresses practices related to personal appearance, including not cutting oneself or shaving the head for the dead, as was a common custom among the pagan nations. These instructions were given to maintain the holiness and distinctiveness of the Israelites as God's chosen people. It reminds us of the call to live in a way that reflects our identity as children of God, honoring Him in our appearance and actions.

Caring for the Poor: Moses emphasizes the importance of caring for the poor and needy in society. He instructs the Israelites to leave the gleanings of their fields for the poor, to provide for the Levites, and to give assistance to the fatherless, widows, and foreigners. This demonstrates

God's concern for justice, compassion, and inclusivity. It prompts us to be mindful of the marginalized and to actively engage in acts of charity and social justice.

Avoiding Pagan Practices: Moses warns the Israelites against engaging in pagan rituals, including mourning practices and the worship of false gods. He emphasizes the need for wholehearted devotion to the Lord and the rejection of idolatrous practices. It reminds us to guard our hearts and minds against worldly influences and to worship God in spirit and truth.

Gratitude for God's Blessings: Moses reminds the Israelites to recognize and acknowledge God's blessings in their lives. He encourages them to enjoy the produce of their labor and to feast before the Lord in gratitude. This teaches us the importance of gratitude and enjoyment of the good things that God provides, while maintaining a heart of thankfulness and dependence on Him.

In summary, Deuteronomy 14 prompts reflection on the themes of dietary laws, tithing, holiness in personal appearance, caring for the poor, avoiding pagan practices, and gratitude for God's blessings. These reflections call us to live lives of discernment, generosity, and holiness. They remind us of the importance of caring for the less fortunate, avoiding practices that compromise our faith, and cultivating an attitude of gratitude for God's abundant blessings in our lives.