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YouTube Prayer Link

The Power of God: The Source of Creation and Faith

Deuteronomy chapter 3

3:24 Lord, O LORD, you have shown your great power to your servants, in heaven and under earth, what God can act like you and act like you.

Since ancient times, mankind has sought answers about God's existence and His power. God's power plays a key role and is central to human faith. Represents the mysterious power of creation and the universe.

In Christianity, God's power is embodied in the biblical book of Genesis. The Bible describes God's creation of the universe, the earth, and life in six days. This story expresses God's power and wisdom and emphasizes His reign and sovereignty. Believers believe that God's power exists in their lives and can guide, protect, and bless them.

God's power is considered infinite. Guide humanity with His wisdom and will. This belief is based on absolute worship and obedience, embodying believers' faith and dependence on God.

God's power represents humanity's awe and reverence for the unknown in the universe and life. This faith inspires people to explore religious doctrine, learn more about God's power, and seek spiritual guidance and strength. Believers believe that through obedience and devotion, they can develop a deeper connection with God's power and find guidance and meaning in their lives.

God's power is at the heart of religious beliefs and represents the mystical power of the universe and life. Regardless of faith, this faith inspires people to pursue spiritual growth and connection with God and gives them hope and comfort.

In the Christian faith, Christians have specific views and beliefs about the power of God. Here are some key points about Christians' views of God's power:

Creation Dominion: Christian doctrine teaches that God is the Creator and Lord of the universe. According to the biblical book of Genesis, God created the universe, the earth, and life in six days. This shows God's immense power and creativity.

Trinity: In the Christian faith, God is regarded as the Trinity, namely the Father, the Son (Jesus Christ), and the Holy Spirit. These three are the same god, manifested in different attributes and functions. This complex and mysterious doctrine emphasizes God's supernaturalness and His power.

Miracles and Redemption: There are many stories in Christian doctrine that record miracles that are considered proof of God's power. In addition, Jesus Christ is considered to be the embodiment of God on earth, and His life, death, and resurrection are seen as important events that bring salvation to mankind, demonstrating God's love and grace.

God's Wisdom and Plan: Christians believe that God's plan and wisdom go far beyond human understanding. God's power is reflected in His ability to guide and shape people's lives and put them on the right path.

God's Love and Mercy: While Christianity emphasizes God's power, it also focuses on God's love and mercy. God is considered the source of love, and His power manifests itself through love and takes care of His creation.

In general, Christians believe that God's power is not only manifested in the creation and reign of the universe, but also in His love and care for humanity. This faith encourages Christians to seek a deep relationship with God, to obey His will, and to rely on His power to meet life's challenges.

There are many verses in the Bible that emphasize God's power and creativity. Here are some verses about God's power:

Genesis 1:1 - "In the beginning, God created heaven and earth. "

Isaiah 40:28 - "Do you not know, will you not hear, that the ever-present God, the Lord, who created the ends of the earth, is neither weary nor weary; his wisdom cannot be measured. "

Psalms 147:5 - "Our Lord is great and most powerful; his wisdom cannot be measured. "

Jeremiah 32:17 - "Lord Lord, you have created the heavens and the earth with your mighty and outstretched arm; "

Matthew 19:26 - Jesus said to them, "Man cannot do this, but God is capable of everything." "

Romans 1:20 - "Since the creation of the world, the eternal power and divinity of God have been known, though invisible to the eye, but known by what is created. "

These verses emphasize God's power as the creator and ruler of the universe, as well as his infinite wisdom and power. In the Christian faith, these verses are seen as testimonies to God's power and creativity, solidifying believers' faith and worship of Him.

Together we pray

Dear Heavenly Father,

We thank You because You are our Creator, with infinite power and wisdom. We thank You for showing Your power in our lives and taking care of us. Today, we come to You to express our gratitude and respect.

Thank you that You have created everything for our world and universe and shaped this beautiful earth with Your power and wisdom. We honor Your great work in nature and recognize Your sovereignty.

We thank You for Your love and grace that you have demonstrated the power of salvation in our lives, giving us hope for eternal life through the life, death and resurrection of Jesus Christ. We honor Your miracles and prayers, and know that You are always with us.

We are thankful that Your wisdom and guidance have given us direction in our daily lives. We respect Your plan and understand that Your intentions are for our benefit.

Help us to maintain faith in You and walk in gratitude and respect. Let our lives be a testimony to Your power and serve others through love and kindness. Lord, we thank You and ask You to continue to empower us to become Your children and live out Your will.

We pray in the name of Jesus Christ, Amen

Deuteronomy chapter 3

De. 3:1 Next we turned and went up along the road towards Bashan, and Og king of Bashan with his whole army marched out to meet us in battle at Edrei.

De. 3:2 The LORD said to me, “Do not be afraid of him, for I have handed him over to you with his whole army and his land. Do to him what you did to Sihon king of the Amorites, who reigned in Heshbon.”

De. 3:3 So the LORD our God also gave into our hands Og king of Bashan and all his army. We struck them down, leaving no survivors.

De. 3:4 At that time we took all his cities. There was not one of the sixty cities that we did not take from them — the whole region of Argob, Og’s kingdom in Bashan.

De. 3:5 All these cities were fortified with high walls and with gates and bars, and there were also a great many unwalled villages. De. 3:6 We completely destroyed them, as we had done with Sihon king of Heshbon, destroying every city — men, women and children.

De. 3:7 But all the livestock and the plunder from their cities we carried off for ourselves.

De. 3:8 So at that time we took from these two kings of the Amorites the territory east of the Jordan, from the Arnon Gorge as far as Mount Hermon.

De. 3:9 (Hermon is called Sirion by the Sidonians; the Amorites call it Senir.)

De. 3:10 We took all the towns on the plateau, and all Gilead, and all Bashan as far as Salecah and Edrei, towns of Og's kingdom in Bashan.

De. 3:11 (Only Og king of Bashan was left of the remnant of the Rephaites. His bed was made of iron and was more than

thirteen feet long and six feet wide. It is still in Rabbah of the

Ammonites.)

De. 3:12 Of the land that we took over at that time, I gave the Reubenites and the Gadites the territory north of Aroer by the Arnon Gorge, including half the hill country of Gilead, together with its towns.

De. 3:13 The rest of Gilead and also all of Bashan, the kingdom of Og,

I gave to the half-tribe of Manasseh. (The whole region of Argob in Bashan used to be known as a land of the Rephaites.

De. 3:14 Jair, a descendant of Manasseh, took the whole region of

Argob as far as the border of the Geshurites and the

Maacathites; it was named after him, so that to this day Bashan is called Havvoth Jair.) De. 3:15 And I gave Gilead to Makir.

De. 3:16 But to the Reubenites and the Gadites I gave the territory extending from Gilead down to the Arnon Gorge (the middle of the gorge being the border) and out to the Jabbok River, which is the border of the Ammonites.

De. 3:17 Its western border was the Jordan in the Arabah, from Kinnereth to the Sea of the Arabah (the Salt Sea), below the slopes of Pisgah.

De. 3:18 I commanded you at that time: "The LORD your God has

given you this land to take possession of it. But all your able bodied men, armed for battle, must cross over ahead of your brother Israelites.

De. 3:19 However, your wives, your children and your livestock (I know you have much livestock) may stay in the towns I have given you,

De. 3:20 until the LORD gives rest to your brothers as he has to you, and they too have taken over the land that the LORD your God is giving them, across the Jordan. After that, each of you may go back to the possession I have given you."

De. 3:21 At that time I commanded Joshua: "You have seen with your own eyes all that the LORD your God has done to these two kings. The LORD will do the same to all the kingdoms over there where you are going.

De. 3:22 Do not be afraid of them; the LORD your God himself will fight for you.”

De. 3:23 At that time I pleaded with the LORD:

De. 3:24 “O Sovereign LORD, you have begun to show to your servant your greatness and your strong hand. For what god is there in heaven or on earth who can do the deeds and mighty works you do?

De. 3:25 Let me go over and see the good land beyond the Jordan — that fine hill country and Lebanon.”

De. 3:26 But because of you the LORD was angry with me and would not listen to me. “That is enough,” the LORD said. “Do not speak to me any more about this matter.

De. 3:27 Go up to the top of Pisgah and look west and north and south and east. Look at the land with your own eyes, since you are not going to cross this Jordan.

De. 3:28 But commission Joshua, and encourage and strengthen him,

for he will lead this people across and will cause them to inherit the land that you will see.”

De. 3:29 So we stayed in the valley near Beth Peor.

Chapter 3 begins with Moses recounting the Israelites' victory over King Og of Bashan and the conquest of his land, which the Israelites had taken possession of. Moses explains that this land had been given to the tribes of Gad, Reuben, and the half-tribe of Manasseh. Moses then recalls the Israelites' victory over King Sihon of the Amorites, and how they had taken possession of his land, which had been given to the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half the tribe of Manasseh.

Moses goes on to describe how he had pleaded with God to allow him to enter the land of Canaan, but God had refused, telling him to climb to the top of Mount Pisgah to see the land from afar. Moses obeyed, and from the mountaintop, God showed him the entire land of Canaan, which he promised to give to the Israelites.

Finally, Moses appoints Joshua as his successor, charging him with leading the Israelites into the land of Canaan and reminding him to remain faithful to God's commands. Overall, Chapter 3 emphasizes the importance of obedience to God's commands and highlights the Israelites' victories and conquests as evidence of God's faithfulness to his promises. The chapter also marks a turning point in Moses' leadership, as he appoints Joshua as his successor and prepares to pass the torch to the next generation of Israelite leaders.

Here are some key verses from Chapter 3 of the Book of Deuteronomy in the Christian Bible:

1. "Next we turned and went up along the road toward Bashan, and Og king of

Bashan with his whole army marched out to meet us in battle at Edrei." (Deuteronomy 3:1)

2. "So the Lord our God also gave into our hands Og king of Bashan and all his army. We struck them down, leaving no survivors." (Deuteronomy 3:3)

3. "So I gave you the land of the Amorites, who lived in the hill country from Lebanon to Misrephoth Maim, including all the Arabah east of the Jordan, as a possession." (Deuteronomy 3:8)

4. "Your wives, your children and your livestock may stay in the land that Moses gave you east of the Jordan, but all your fighting men, ready for battle, must cross over ahead of your fellow Israelites. You are to help them." (Deuteronomy 3:18) These verses continue the narrative of the Israelites' conquest of the Promised Land, specifically the defeat of Og, king of Bashan. The verses emphasize God's provision for the Israelites and the importance of helping fellow Israelites in their conquest of the land.

Chapter 3 of the Book of Deuteronomy continues Moses' address to the Israelites, focusing on their conquests and victories over various kings and nations. Here is a reflection on some key themes and lessons from this chapter:

God's Faithfulness and Power: In Deuteronomy 3, Moses recounts the victories the Israelites experienced over Og, the king of Bashan, and Sihon, the king of Heshbon. He attributes these triumphs to God's faithfulness and power, emphasizing that it was God who delivered their enemies into their hands. This serves as a reminder of God's sovereignty and His ability to bring about victory in our lives, even against seemingly insurmountable odds.

Remembering God's Past Deliverances: Moses encourages the Israelites to remember the miraculous deliverances they had experienced thus far. He recalls how God had given them victory over Og and Sihon and reminds them of their conquests east of the Jordan. This reflection on God's past faithfulness and deliverances instills confidence in His ability to continue leading them in the future.

The Importance of Courage and Obedience: Moses admonishes the Israelites to be courageous and not to fear their enemies. He reminds them that God goes before them and will fight on their behalf. This highlights the need for courage and obedience in following God's commands, even in the face of challenges and opposition.

God's Promises Fulfilled: Moses assures the Israelites that God is fulfilling His promise to give them the land. He recounts how the Israelites were now in possession of the land that had been

promised to their ancestors. This reinforces the faithfulness of God in keeping His promises and highlights the importance of trusting in His word.

Lessons in Leadership: Moses recalls how he appointed leaders to help govern and lead the Israelites. This serves as a reminder of the significance of wise and capable leaders who uphold justice and righteousness. It also emphasizes the importance of leadership in guiding and nurturing the people's faith and obedience.

The Consequences of Disobedience: Moses warns the Israelites about the consequences of disobedience, referencing his own inability to enter the Promised Land due to his disobedience at Meribah. This serves as a cautionary tale, highlighting the importance of obedience and the potential consequences when we fail to follow God's commands.

Overall, Deuteronomy 3 encourages reflection on God's faithfulness and power, the importance of remembering past deliverances, courage and obedience, the fulfillment of God's promises, lessons in leadership, and the consequences of disobedience. These reflections provide valuable insights into God's character and His interactions with His people, offering lessons and principles that are relevant to our own lives and faith journeys.