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Matthew

The Book of Matthew is the first book of the New Testament in the Christian Bible. It is one of the four Gospels, along with Mark, Luke, and John, and is believed to have been written by Matthew, one of the twelve apostles of Jesus Christ.

The book begins with the genealogy of Jesus, tracing his lineage back to Abraham, and then proceeds to recount the life, teachings, and ministry of Jesus. The Gospel of Matthew contains many of Jesus' most famous teachings, such as the Sermon on the Mount (Chapters 5-7), the parables of the Kingdom of Heaven (Chapter 13), and the Great Commission (Chapter 28).

The Gospel of Matthew also includes accounts of Jesus' miracles, including healings, exorcisms, and his resurrection. It portrays Jesus as the Messiah, the Son of God, and the King of the Jews.

Matthew's Gospel also includes several important theological themes, such as the fulfillment of Old Testament prophecies through Jesus, the importance of faith and obedience to God, and the promise of eternal life through faith in Jesus Christ. In summary, the Book of Matthew is a rich and complex account of the life and teachings of Jesus Christ, presented from the perspective of one of his closest disciples. It is a foundational text for Christian theology and has had a profound impact on Western culture and society.

in Christian bible; the book " Matthew "; can you give me a brief description on each chapter

Sure, here is a brief description of each chapter in the Book of Matthew:

Chapter 1: Genealogy of Jesus, from Abraham to Joseph.

Chapter 2: The visit of the Magi to the infant Jesus, Herod's attempt to kill Jesus, and the flight to Egypt.

Chapter 3: The preaching of John the Baptist and the baptism of Jesus.

Chapter 4: The temptation of Jesus in the wilderness, and the beginning of his ministry in Galilee.

Chapter 5: The Sermon on the Mount, including the Beatitudes and teachings on love, forgiveness, and righteousness.

Chapter 6: Teachings on prayer, fasting, and laying up treasures in heaven.

Chapter 7: Teachings on judgment, the narrow gate, and the wise and foolish builders.

Chapter 8: Miracles performed by Jesus, including healings and exorcisms.

Chapter 9: More miracles and the calling of Matthew as a disciple.

Chapter 10: The commissioning of the twelve apostles and instructions for their mission.

Chapter 11: John the Baptist's inquiry into Jesus' identity, and Jesus' condemnation of the unrepentant cities.

Chapter 12: Teachings on the Sabbath, the sign of Jonah, and the blasphemy against the Holy Spirit.

Chapter 13: Parables of the Kingdom of Heaven, including the sower, the weeds, and the mustard seed.

Chapter 14: More miracles performed by Jesus, including the feeding of the five thousand and walking on water.

Chapter 15: Teachings on tradition, and more healings performed by Jesus.

Chapter 16: Peter's confession of Jesus as the Messiah, and Jesus' prediction of his death and resurrection.

Chapter 17: The transfiguration of Jesus, and more teachings on faith.

Chapter 18: Teachings on humility and forgiveness, and instructions for dealing with sin in the church.

Chapter 19: Teachings on divorce, riches, and rewards in heaven.

Chapter 20: The parable of the workers in the vineyard, and more predictions of Jesus' death and resurrection.

Chapter 21: Jesus' triumphal entry into Jerusalem, and his cleansing of the temple.

Chapter 22: Teachings on the greatest commandment, and the parables of the wedding banquet and the tribute to Caesar.

Chapter 23: Condemnation of the scribes and Pharisees, and teachings on hypocrisy and judgment.

Chapter 24: The Olivet Discourse, including prophecies of the end times and the coming of the Son of Man.

Chapter 25: The parables of the ten virgins, the talents, and the judgment of the nations.

Chapter 26: The plot against Jesus, the Last Supper, and Jesus' arrest in the Garden of Gethsemane.

Chapter 27: Jesus' trial before Pilate, his crucifixion and death, and his burial in the tomb.

Chapter 28: The resurrection of Jesus, his appearances to his disciples, and the Great Commission.

Chapter 1 of the book of Matthew is the first chapter in the New Testament and it begins with a genealogy of Jesus Christ, tracing his lineage back to Abraham, the father of the Jewish nation. The genealogy highlights the fact that Jesus was a descendant of King David, which was important because the Jewish people believed that the Messiah would come from David's line.

The chapter then goes on to describe the circumstances surrounding Jesus' birth. It tells the story of how Mary, Jesus' mother, became pregnant by the Holy Spirit, and how

Joseph, her fiancé, was visited by an angel who told him not to be afraid to take Mary as his wife.

The chapter also includes a prophecy from the Old Testament book of Isaiah, which predicts the birth of Jesus. This prophecy is fulfilled by the events described in this chapter.

The chapter concludes with the birth of Jesus in Bethlehem, and the visit of the wise men from the East who come to worship him. The wise men bring gifts of gold, frankincense, and myrrh, which were traditional gifts for a king.

Overall, chapter 1 of the book of Matthew sets the stage for the story of Jesus' life, and establishes his identity as the long-awaited Messiah of the Jewish people.

The book of Matthew is the first of the four Gospels in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 1, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 1 "The book of the genealogy of Jesus Christ, the son of David, the son of Abraham." This verse introduces the book of Matthew and emphasizes the lineage of Jesus, tracing it back to Abraham and David.
- 2. Verse 18 "Now the birth of Jesus Christ took place in this way. When his mother Mary had been betrothed to Joseph, before they came together she was found to be with child from the Holy Spirit." This verse describes the miraculous conception of Jesus and emphasizes his divine nature.
- 3. Verse 21 "She will bear a son, and you shall call his name Jesus, for he will save his people from their sins." This verse emphasizes the mission of Jesus to save people from their sins.
- 4. Verse 23 "Behold, the virgin shall conceive and bear a son, and they shall call his name Immanuel (which means, God with us)." This verse emphasizes the miraculous nature of Jesus' birth and his identity as both human and divine.

These verses can be found in Matthew chapter 1, verses 1, 18, 21, and 23, respectively

Chapter 2 of the book of Matthew begins with the visit of the wise men from the East who had come to worship Jesus. They had seen a star in the sky which they believed signaled the birth of a king, and they came to Jerusalem to find out where the baby had been born. King Herod, who ruled over Judea, was troubled by their visit, as he feared that this new king might threaten his own power. He asked the religious leaders where the Messiah was to be born, and they told him that it was in Bethlehem, as foretold by the prophet Micah.

Herod then secretly summoned the wise men and asked them to report back to him when they had found the baby, claiming that he too wanted to worship him. The wise men continued on their way and found Jesus in Bethlehem, presenting him with gifts of gold, frankincense, and myrrh.

However, the wise men were warned in a dream not to return to Herod, and so they returned to their own country by a different route. When Herod realized that he had been tricked, he became furious and ordered the massacre of all the male infants in Bethlehem who were two years old or younger. This fulfilled the prophecy of Jeremiah, who had spoken of the weeping and mourning of mothers over their lost children.

Joseph, Mary, and Jesus were warned in a dream by an angel and fled to Egypt to escape Herod's wrath. They stayed in Egypt until Herod died, and then returned to the land of Israel. However, when they learned that Herod's son was now ruling in Judea, they decided to settle in the town of Nazareth in Galilee.

Overall, chapter 2 of the book of Matthew presents the early struggles and dangers faced by Jesus and his family, as well as the fulfillment of prophecies related to his birth and identity as the Messiah.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 2 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 1 "Now after Jesus was born in Bethlehem of Judea in the days of Herod the king, behold, wise men from the east came to Jerusalem." This verse introduces the wise men or Magi who come to visit Jesus after his birth.
- 2. Verse 2 "Saying, 'Where is he who has been born king of the Jews? For we saw his star when it rose and have come to worship him." This verse explains the reason for the wise men's visit and their belief that Jesus is a king.
- 3. Verse 6 "And you, O Bethlehem, in the land of Judah, are by no means least among the rulers of Judah; for from you shall come a ruler who will shepherd my people Israel." This verse quotes a prophecy from Micah 5:2 and emphasizes the idea that Jesus is a ruler and shepherd.
- 4. Verse 11 "And going into the house, they saw the child with Mary his mother, and they fell down and worshiped him. Then, opening their treasures, they offered him gifts, gold and frankincense and myrrh." This verse describes the wise men's visit to Jesus, their worship of him, and the gifts they bring.
- 5. Verse 13 "Now when they had departed, behold, an angel of the Lord appeared to Joseph in a dream and said, 'Rise, take the child and his mother, and flee to Egypt, and remain there until I tell you, for Herod is about to search for the child, to destroy him." This verse describes the flight of Jesus and his family to Egypt to escape from Herod's persecution.

These verses can be found in Matthew chapter 2, verses 1, 2, 6, 11, and 13, respectively.

Chapter 3 of the book of Matthew introduces John the Baptist, who comes preaching in the wilderness and baptizing people in the Jordan River. He calls on people to repent of their sins and turn to God, warning them that the kingdom of heaven is near. John also speaks of a coming Messiah who will baptize with the Holy Spirit and fire, and he acknowledges Jesus as this Messiah when he comes to be baptized by him. As Jesus emerges from the water, a voice from heaven declares, "This is my Son, whom I love; with him I am well pleased."

After his baptism, Jesus is led by the Spirit into the wilderness to be tempted by the devil. The devil tempts him with various temptations, but Jesus resists each one by quoting scripture. After this, Jesus begins his public ministry, preaching the same message of repentance and the coming kingdom of heaven that John had proclaimed. John continues to preach and baptize, but he is eventually arrested by King Herod for criticizing his marriage to his brother's wife. Jesus then begins to preach in Galilee, where he performs many miracles and heals the sick, drawing large crowds to hear him.

Overall, chapter 3 of the book of Matthew sets the stage for the public ministry of Jesus, introducing key figures such as John the Baptist and emphasizing the importance of repentance and the coming kingdom of heaven. It also highlights Jesus' divine nature as the Son of God, affirmed by the voice from heaven at his baptism.

! Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 3 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 1 "In those days John the Baptist came preaching in the wilderness of Judea." This verse introduces John the Baptist and his preaching in the wilderness.
- 2. Verse 2 "Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand." This verse summarizes John's message, which is a call to repentance in anticipation of the coming of the kingdom of heaven.
- 3. Verse 11 "I baptize you with water for repentance, but he who is coming after me is mightier than I, whose sandals I am not worthy to carry. He will baptize you with the Holy Spirit and fire." This verse describes the difference between John's baptism and the baptism that will be performed by Jesus, which will be with the Holy Spirit and fire.
- 4. Verse 13 "Then Jesus came from Galilee to the Jordan to John, to be baptized by him." This verse describes the moment when Jesus comes to be baptized by John.
- 5. Verse 17 "And behold, a voice from heaven said, 'This is my beloved Son, with whom I am well pleased." This verse describes the moment when God speaks from heaven and affirms Jesus as his beloved Son.

Chapter 4 of the book of Matthew begins with the temptations of Jesus in the wilderness. After fasting for 40 days and nights, Jesus is tempted by the devil to turn stones into bread, to jump off the pinnacle of the temple to prove his divine nature, and to worship the devil in exchange for all the kingdoms of the world. Jesus resists each temptation by quoting scripture and ultimately sends the devil away.

After this, Jesus begins his public ministry in Galilee, preaching the message of repentance and the coming kingdom of heaven. He calls his first disciples, Simon Peter, Andrew, James, and John, who leave their fishing boats and follow him.

Jesus then travels throughout Galilee, teaching in synagogues and healing the sick.

Crowds begin to follow him, and his fame spreads throughout the region.

In this chapter, Matthew also emphasizes the fulfillment of Old Testament prophecies in Jesus' ministry. He quotes from the prophet Isaiah, who foretold of a great light that would shine in the darkness, and of the people who walked in darkness seeing a great light. Matthew identifies Jesus as this light, who has come to bring salvation to all people. Overall, chapter 4 of the book of Matthew presents Jesus as the Son of God who is sent to save people from their sins. It shows Jesus overcoming temptation and beginning his public ministry, calling disciples to follow him, and demonstrating his power through his teaching and healing. It also emphasizes the fulfillment of Old Testament prophecies in Jesus' ministry.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 4 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 1 "Then Jesus was led up by the Spirit into the wilderness to be tempted by the devil." This verse describes how Jesus was led by the Holy Spirit into the wilderness to be tempted by the devil.
- 2. Verse 4 "But he answered, 'It is written, "Man shall not live by bread alone, but by every word that comes from the mouth of God."" This verse describes the first temptation of Jesus by the devil, and how Jesus responds by quoting Scripture.
- 3. Verse 7 "Jesus said to him, 'Again it is written, "You shall not put the Lord your God to the test."" This verse describes the second temptation of Jesus by the devil, and how Jesus responds by quoting Scripture again.
- 4. Verse 10 "Then Jesus said to him, 'Be gone, Satan! For it is written, "You shall worship the Lord your God and him only shall you serve."" This verse describes the third temptation of Jesus by the devil, and how Jesus responds by quoting Scripture once again.
- 5. Verse 17 "From that time Jesus began to preach, saying, 'Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand." This verse marks the beginning of Jesus' public ministry and his preaching of repentance in anticipation of the coming of the kingdom of heaven.

Chapter 5 of the book of Matthew contains what is commonly referred to as the Sermon on the Mount, one of Jesus' most famous and influential teachings. The sermon begins with what are known as the Beatitudes, a series of blessings that Jesus declares for those who are poor in spirit, mournful, meek, hungry for righteousness, merciful, pure in heart, peacemakers, and persecuted for righteousness' sake.

Jesus then goes on to teach about various aspects of living a life of righteousness and holiness. He teaches about the importance of being salt and light in the world, of loving one's enemies and praying for those who persecute you, of being reconciled with others, of avoiding anger and lust, and of living with integrity and honesty.

Jesus also addresses various religious practices and attitudes, teaching that true righteousness is not just a matter of external actions but of the heart. He speaks about giving to the poor, praying, fasting, and avoiding hypocrisy in religious practices. Throughout the sermon, Jesus emphasizes the importance of living a life that is consistent with God's will, showing compassion and love to others, and seeking righteousness and holiness. He challenges his listeners to embrace a radical new way of living that goes beyond mere external compliance with religious laws and traditions.

Overall, chapter 5 of the book of Matthew contains one of Jesus' most significant teachings, emphasizing the importance of living a life of righteousness and holiness that is consistent with God's will. The Beatitudes and other teachings in the sermon have been widely influential in Christian thought and practice, shaping the understanding of what it means to follow Jesus and live a life of faith.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 5 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 3 "Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven." This verse is the first of the Beatitudes, a series of blessings that Jesus gives to those who embody certain qualities.
- 2. Verse 14 "You are the light of the world. A city set on a hill cannot be hidden." This verse describes how Jesus' followers are called to be a light to the world and to let their good works shine before others.
- 3. Verse 17 "Do not think that I have come to abolish the Law or the Prophets; I have not come to abolish them but to fulfill them." This verse describes how Jesus views the Jewish Scriptures, which he has come not to abolish but to fulfill.
- 4. Verse 27 "You have heard that it was said, 'You shall not commit adultery." This verse is the beginning of a section in which Jesus interprets and expands upon Jewish laws and teachings.
- 5. Verse 44 "But I say to you, Love your enemies and pray for those who persecute you." This verse is part of Jesus' teaching on love and forgiveness, and is a call for his followers to love even their enemies.

Chapter 6 of the book of Matthew continues the Sermon on the Mount and contains several key teachings on prayer, fasting, and material possessions.

Jesus begins by warning against performing acts of righteousness to be seen by others, saying that those who do so have already received their reward. He then teaches his followers the Lord's Prayer, a model for how to pray that includes acknowledging God's holiness, asking for daily bread, seeking forgiveness and deliverance from temptation, and recognizing God's sovereignty and power.

Jesus also teaches about the importance of forgiveness, urging his followers to forgive others in order to receive forgiveness from God. He warns against storing up treasures on earth, instead encouraging his followers to store up treasures in heaven, where they cannot be destroyed or stolen.

Jesus also addresses the topic of worry, telling his followers not to be anxious about their lives, but to seek first the kingdom of God and his righteousness, trusting that God will provide for their needs.

Finally, Jesus speaks about the practice of fasting, warning against doing so to be seen by others, but instead encouraging his followers to do so privately, seeking God's approval rather than the approval of others.

Overall, chapter 6 of the book of Matthew emphasizes the importance of sincerity and authenticity in religious practice, urging followers to seek God's approval rather than the approval of others. It also highlights the importance of prayer, forgiveness, and trust in God, and warns against the dangers of materialism and worry.

Chapter 7 of the book of Matthew concludes the Sermon on the Mount and Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 6 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

1. Verse 1 - "Beware of practicing your righteousness before other people in order to be seen by them, for then you will have no reward from your Father who is in

- heaven." This verse warns against doing good deeds for the sake of appearances, and encourages doing them out of a sincere desire to serve God.
- 2. Verse 5 "And when you pray, you must not be like the hypocrites. For they love to stand and pray in the synagogues and at the street corners, that they may be seen by others. Truly, I say to you, they have received their reward." This verse warns against praying for the sake of appearances, and encourages praying in private.
- 3. Verse 9 "Pray then like this: 'Our Father in heaven, hallowed be your name.'"
 This verse is the beginning of the Lord's Prayer, which Jesus teaches his followers to pray.
- 4. Verse 19 "Do not lay up for yourselves treasures on earth, where moth and rust destroy and where thieves break in and steal." This verse warns against putting too much emphasis on material possessions, which are temporary and subject to decay and theft.
- 5. Verse 24 "No one can serve two masters, for either he will hate the one and love the other, or he will be devoted to the one and despise the other. You cannot serve God and money." This verse emphasizes the need to prioritize serving God over serving wealth or material possessions.

contains several important teachings on judgment, discernment, and the importance of putting Jesus' teachings into practice.

Jesus begins by warning against judging others, saying that we will be judged by the same measure that we use to judge others. He encourages his followers to focus on removing the log from their own eye before trying to remove the speck from someone else's eye.

Jesus then teaches about the importance of discernment, urging his followers to be wary of false prophets who come in sheep's clothing but are inwardly ravenous wolves. He says that we can recognize these false prophets by their fruits, and encourages his followers to choose the narrow path that leads to life, rather than the broad path that leads to destruction.

Jesus also emphasizes the importance of putting his teachings into practice, saying that those who hear his words but do not act on them are like foolish builders who build their houses on sand. He encourages his followers to build their lives on the solid foundation of his teachings, which will stand firm in the face of life's challenges.

Finally, Jesus concludes the sermon by emphasizing the importance of obedience to God's will, saying that not everyone who says "Lord, Lord" will enter the kingdom of heaven, but only those who do the will of the Father.

Overall, chapter 7 of the book of Matthew concludes the Sermon on the Mount with several important teachings on judgment, discernment, and the importance of putting Jesus' teachings into practice. It emphasizes the importance of focusing on our own shortcomings rather than judging others, discerning false prophets, and building our lives on the solid foundation of obedience to God's will.

! Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 7 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

1. Verse 1 - "Judge not, that you be not judged." This verse warns against passing judgment on others, as doing so can lead to being judged by others in turn.

- 2. Verse 7 "Ask, and it will be given to you; seek, and you will find; knock, and it will be opened to you." This verse emphasizes the importance of asking God for what you need, seeking His guidance, and persistently knocking on the door of prayer.
- 3. Verse 12 "So whatever you wish that others would do to you, do also to them, for this is the Law and the Prophets." This verse is known as the "Golden Rule" and emphasizes treating others as you would like to be treated.
- 4. Verse 13-14 "Enter by the narrow gate. For the gate is wide and the way is easy that leads to destruction, and those who enter by it are many. For the gate is narrow and the way is hard that leads to life, and those who find it are few." This verse emphasizes the importance of choosing the path of righteousness, which may be difficult, over the path of destruction, which may be easy.
- 5. Verse 24 "Everyone then who hears these words of mine and does them will be like a wise man who built his house on the rock." This verse emphasizes the importance of not only hearing Jesus' teachings, but also putting them into practice.

Chapter 8 of the book of Matthew describes several miraculous healings and other acts of Jesus as he travels throughout Galilee.

The chapter begins with a story of a man with leprosy who comes to Jesus and asks to be healed. Jesus touches him and immediately the man is healed of his leprosy.

Next, Jesus heals a centurion's servant who is paralyzed and suffering greatly. The centurion expresses great faith in Jesus, saying that he believes that Jesus can heal his servant from a distance, and Jesus commends his faith.

Jesus then goes to Peter's house and heals his mother-in-law who is sick with a fever. Later that evening, many people bring sick and demon-possessed individuals to Jesus, and he heals them all.

As Jesus and his disciples are traveling across the Sea of Galilee, a violent storm arises and threatens to sink their boat. Jesus rebukes the wind and the waves, and the storm immediately calms.

Upon reaching the other side of the sea, Jesus encounters two demon-possessed men who live in a nearby graveyard. The demons recognize Jesus as the Son of God and beg him not to torment them, so he allows them to enter a herd of pigs instead. The pigs then run down a steep bank into the sea and drown.

Finally, Jesus returns to his hometown of Capernaum and heals a paralyzed man who is lowered through the roof of a house where Jesus is teaching. The people are amazed and glorify God as a result.

Overall, chapter 8 of the book of Matthew describes several miraculous healings and other acts of Jesus that demonstrate his power and authority. These stories also illustrate the importance of faith and trust in Jesus, and the power of his word to overcome even the most challenging circumstances.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 8 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 2 "And behold, a leper came to him and knelt before him, saying, 'Lord, if you will, you can make me clean.'" This verse describes a leper who comes to Jesus seeking to be healed.
- 2. Verse 8 "But the centurion replied, 'Lord, I am not worthy to have you come under my roof, but only say the word, and my servant will be healed." This verse describes a centurion who comes to Jesus seeking healing for his servant, and demonstrates great faith in Jesus' ability to heal from a distance.
- 3. Verse 16 "That evening they brought to him many who were oppressed by demons, and he cast out the spirits with a word and healed all who were sick." This verse describes Jesus' power to heal and cast out demons.
- 4. Verse 22 "But Jesus said to him, 'Follow me, and leave the dead to bury their own dead." This verse is part of a conversation between Jesus and a disciple who wishes to bury his father before following Jesus. Jesus emphasizes the importance of following Him above all else.
- 5. Verse 27 "And when he came to the other side, to the country of the Gadarenes, two demon-possessed men met him, coming out of the tombs, so fierce that no one could pass that way." This verse describes Jesus encountering two demonpossessed men and casting out the demons.

Chapter 9 of the book of Matthew describes several miraculous healings and other acts of Jesus as he continues to travel and minister throughout Galilee.

The chapter begins with a story of a paralyzed man who is brought to Jesus by his friends. Jesus tells the man that his sins are forgiven, but the scribes accuse him of blasphemy for claiming to have the authority to forgive sins. Jesus then heals the man, proving his authority to forgive sins.

Next, Jesus calls Matthew, a tax collector, to follow him. Matthew accepts the invitation and hosts a banquet in his home for Jesus and other tax collectors and sinners. The Pharisees criticize Jesus for associating with these people, but Jesus responds that he came to call sinners to repentance, not the righteous.

Jesus then heals a woman who has been suffering from a hemorrhage for twelve years, and raises a young girl from the dead.

As Jesus continues to travel and teach, he has compassion on the crowds who are like sheep without a shepherd. He instructs his disciples to pray for more workers to help with the harvest, and sends them out to proclaim the good news of the kingdom and to heal the sick.

The chapter concludes with several additional healings, including a demon-possessed man who is mute, a blind man who is healed by his faith, and a man who is unable to speak because he is possessed by a demon.

Overall, chapter 9 of the book of Matthew describes several miraculous healings and other acts of Jesus that demonstrate his power and authority, and his mission to call sinners to repentance and to proclaim the good news of the kingdom. These stories also emphasize the importance of faith in Jesus and the power of his word to heal and transform lives.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 9 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 2 "And behold, some people brought to him a paralytic, lying on a bed. And when Jesus saw their faith, he said to the paralytic, 'Take heart, my son; your sins are forgiven." This verse describes Jesus' healing of a paralytic man and his forgiveness of the man's sins.
- 2. Verse 6 "But that you may know that the Son of Man has authority on earth to forgive sins'-he then said to the paralytic-'Rise, pick up your bed and go home."

 This verse emphasizes Jesus' authority to forgive sins and his power to heal.
- 3. Verse 9 "As Jesus passed on from there, he saw a man called Matthew sitting at the tax booth, and he said to him, 'Follow me.' And he rose and followed him."

 This verse describes Jesus' calling of Matthew to be one of his disciples.
- 4. Verse 12 "But when he heard it, he said, 'Those who are well have no need of a physician, but those who are sick." This verse is part of a conversation between Jesus and the Pharisees, who criticized him for eating with tax collectors and sinners. Jesus emphasizes his mission to help those who are spiritually sick.

Verse 22 - "But Jesus turned, and seeing her he said, 'Take heart, daughter; your faith has made you well.' And instantly the woman was made well." This verse describes Jesus' healing of a woman who had been suffering from a hemorrhage for twelve years

Matthew 10 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains Jesus' instructions to his disciples before sending them out to spread his teachings. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-4: Jesus chooses his twelve apostles and gives them the authority to cast out demons and heal the sick.

Verses 5-15: Jesus instructs his disciples to go only to the Jewish people and to proclaim that the kingdom of heaven is at hand. They are not to take any money or supplies with them, but to rely on the hospitality of those they meet. If a town does not welcome them, they are to shake the dust off their feet as a testimony against them.

Verses 16-25: Jesus warns his disciples that they will face persecution and opposition for their message, and that they must be as wise as serpents and as innocent as doves. He encourages them to stand firm and to trust in God's protection.

Verses 26-33: Jesus tells his disciples not to fear those who can harm the body, but to fear God, who has power over both body and soul. He assures them that God cares for them and will provide for them.

Verses 34-39: Jesus explains that his message will cause division and conflict, even within families. He tells his disciples that they must be willing to give up everything, including their own lives, to follow him.

Verses 40-42: Jesus promises that whoever receives his disciples will be rewarded, and that even small acts of kindness will be noticed by God.

Overall, Matthew 10 is a chapter that emphasizes the importance of spreading the message of Jesus and the kingdom of heaven, even in the face of opposition and persecution. It also highlights the trust and dependence that Jesus' followers must have in God's provision and protection.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 10 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 1 "And he called to him his twelve disciples and gave them authority over unclean spirits, to cast them out, and to heal every disease and every affliction." This verse describes Jesus giving his twelve disciples the power to heal and cast out demons.
- 2. Verse 5 "These twelve Jesus sent out, instructing them, 'Go nowhere among the Gentiles and enter no town of the Samaritans, but go rather to the lost sheep of the house of Israel." This verse describes Jesus sending out his disciples to spread his teachings to the Jewish people.
- 3. Verse 16 "Behold, I am sending you out as sheep in the midst of wolves, so be wise as serpents and innocent as doves." This verse emphasizes the danger that the disciples will face as they spread Jesus' teachings, and encourages them to be both shrewd and innocent.
- 4. Verse 32 "So everyone who acknowledges me before men, I also will acknowledge before my Father who is in heaven." This verse emphasizes the importance of publicly confessing faith in Jesus.
- 5. Verse 40 "Whoever receives you receives me, and whoever receives me receives him who sent me." This verse emphasizes the connection between Jesus and his disciples, and the importance of accepting those who come in Jesus' name.

Matthew 11 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains a series of events and teachings in the life of Jesus. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-6: John the Baptist, who is in prison, sends messengers to ask Jesus if he is the Messiah. Jesus responds by telling them to look at the miracles he has performed, which are evidence of his identity.

Verses 7-15: Jesus speaks to the crowd about John the Baptist, praising him as a prophet and a messenger of God. He explains that John is the fulfillment of the prophecy in Malachi 3:1, who would prepare the way for the Lord.

Verses 16-19: Jesus criticizes the people of his generation for their lack of faith and their rejection of both him and John the Baptist. He compares them to children who cannot be pleased.

Verses 20-24: Jesus rebukes the cities where he has performed most of his miracles (Chorazin, Bethsaida, and Capernaum) for their unbelief. He warns them that they will face a harsher judgment than the wicked cities of Sodom and Gomorrah.

Verses 25-30: Jesus praises God for revealing the truth of his message to the "little children" (i.e., the humble and the teachable) rather than to the wise and learned. He invites all who are burdened and weary to come to him for rest and to learn from him, for his yoke is easy and his burden is light.

Overall, Matthew 11 is a chapter that emphasizes the importance of faith and belief in Jesus as the Messiah. It highlights the contrast between those who accept his message and those who reject it, and the consequences that follow. The chapter also includes Jesus' invitation to all who are burdened and in need of rest to come to him, as he is the source of true rest and peace.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 11 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 3 "Are you the one who is to come, or shall we look for another?" This verse is part of a message sent by John the Baptist to Jesus, asking if he is truly the Messiah.
- 2. Verse 6 "And blessed is the one who is not offended by me." This verse is part of Jesus' response to John the Baptist's question, encouraging him to remain faithful and not be offended by Jesus' teachings.
- 3. Verse 11 "Truly, I say to you, among those born of women there has arisen no one greater than John the Baptist. Yet the one who is least in the kingdom of heaven is greater than he." This verse is Jesus' affirmation of John the Baptist's importance, while also emphasizing the greatness of those who will enter the kingdom of heaven.
- 4. Verse 28 "Come to me, all who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest." This verse is part of Jesus' invitation to those who are weary and burdened to come to him for rest and comfort.
- 5. Verse 29 "Take my yoke upon you, and learn from me, for I am gentle and lowly in heart, and you will find rest for your souls." This verse emphasizes Jesus' character as a gentle and humble teacher, inviting his followers to learn from him.

Matthew 12 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains a series of events and teachings in the life of Jesus. Here is a breakdown of the chapter: Verses 1-8: Jesus and his disciples are accused by the Pharisees of breaking the Sabbath by plucking and eating grain. Jesus responds by pointing out that David and his companions also broke the law by eating the consecrated bread in the tabernacle, and that the priests in the temple also work on the Sabbath. He claims that he is Lord of the Sabbath and has the authority to interpret its laws.

Verses 9-14: Jesus heals a man with a withered hand on the Sabbath. The Pharisees accuse him of doing work on the Sabbath, but Jesus argues that it is lawful to do good on the Sabbath. This angers the Pharisees, who plot to kill Jesus.

Verses 15-21: Jesus withdraws from the crowds and heals many people, but he warns them not to make him known, as he fulfills the prophecy in Isaiah 42:1-4, who will not seek his own fame but will bring justice to the nations.

Verses 22-37: Jesus heals a demon-possessed man who is both blind and mute. The Pharisees accuse him of casting out demons by the power of Beelzebul, the prince of demons. Jesus responds by pointing out that a house divided against itself cannot stand, and that he casts out demons by the Spirit of God. He warns the Pharisees that they are in danger of blasphemy against the Holy Spirit, which is an unforgivable sin. He also emphasizes that a tree is known by its fruit, and that a good person brings forth good things from the good treasure of their heart.

Verses 38-45: The Pharisees ask Jesus for a sign to prove his authority. Jesus responds by telling them that the only sign they will receive is the sign of Jonah, who was in the belly of the fish for three days and three nights. He also warns them about the danger of religious hypocrisy, and the need for true repentance and transformation.

Overall, Matthew 12 is a chapter that highlights the conflict between Jesus and the religious leaders of his day, who accuse him of breaking the Sabbath and of being empowered by demonic forces. It emphasizes Jesus' claims to authority, his power to heal and cast out demons, and the need for repentance and transformation. The chapter also contains several references to Old Testament prophecies, which Jesus fulfills through his words and actions.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 12 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 8 "For the Son of Man is lord of the Sabbath." This verse is part of Jesus' response to the Pharisees, who accuse his disciples of breaking the Sabbath by picking grain. Jesus asserts his authority over the Sabbath as the Son of Man.
- 2. Verse 21 "And in his name the Gentiles will hope." This verse quotes from the prophet Isaiah, emphasizing that Jesus is not just the Messiah for the Jewish people, but for the Gentiles as well.
- 3. Verse 30 "Whoever is not with me is against me, and whoever does not gather with me scatters." This verse emphasizes the importance of being on Jesus' side and working with him, rather than against him.
- 4. Verse 34 "You brood of vipers! How can you speak good, when you are evil?" This verse is part of Jesus' rebuke of the Pharisees, whom he accuses of being hypocrites.
- 5. Verse 50 "For whoever does the will of my Father in heaven is my brother and sister and mother." This verse emphasizes the importance of obedience to God and the spiritual family of those who follow him.

Matthew 13 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains a series of parables that Jesus told to the crowds who had gathered to hear him. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-9: Jesus teaches a large crowd by the sea and uses a boat as his pulpit. He tells the Parable of the Sower, in which a farmer scatters seed on various types of soil, some of which produce a bountiful harvest and others of which do not.

Verses 10-17: Jesus explains to his disciples why he speaks in parables, stating that those who have ears to hear will understand his message, but those who do not will be further hardened in their unbelief.

Verses 18-23: Jesus explains the meaning of the Parable of the Sower, emphasizing that the seed represents the word of God and the different types of soil represent the different responses of people to that word.

Verses 24-30: Jesus tells the Parable of the Wheat and the Tares, in which a farmer sows wheat in his field, but an enemy sows tares (a weed) among the wheat. The farmer instructs his servants to let both grow together until the harvest, when the tares will be separated and burned.

Verses 31-32: Jesus tells the Parable of the Mustard Seed, in which a small seed grows into a large tree, representing the growth of the kingdom of God.

Verses 33-35: Jesus tells the Parable of the Leaven, in which a small amount of yeast leavens a large amount of dough, representing the power of the gospel to transform lives and societies.

Verses 36-43: Jesus explains the meaning of the Parable of the Wheat and the Tares, emphasizing that the wheat represents the children of the kingdom, and the tares represent the children of the evil one. At the end of the age, the wicked will be separated from the righteous and thrown into the furnace of fire.

Verses 44-46: Jesus tells the Parables of the Hidden Treasure and the Pearl of Great Price, in which people sell all they have to obtain a valuable treasure, representing the great value of the kingdom of God.

Verses 47-50: Jesus tells the Parable of the Net, in which a fishing net catches a variety of fish, some good and some bad. At the end of the age, the good fish will be kept and the bad fish will be thrown away.

Verses 51-52: Jesus asks his disciples if they understand his parables and tells them that they are like a householder who brings out both new and old treasures.

Overall, Matthew 13 is a chapter that emphasizes the importance of hearing and understanding the word of God, as well as the need for repentance and the reality of judgment. The chapter uses parables to teach these truths, emphasizing the growth and value of the kingdom of God, the coexistence of good and evil in the world, and the ultimate separation of the righteous and the wicked. The chapter also highlights the importance of discipleship and the treasures of both old and new teachings.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 13 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 3 "And he told them many things in parables, saying: 'A sower went out to sow." This verse introduces a series of parables that Jesus tells to the crowds gathered around him.
- 2. Verse 9 "He who has ears, let him hear." This phrase appears several times in chapter 13 and emphasizes the importance of paying attention and understanding Jesus' teachings.
- 3. Verse 23 "As for what was sown on good soil, this is the one who hears the word and understands it. He indeed bears fruit and yields, in one case a hundredfold, in another sixty, and in another thirty." This verse explains the meaning of the parable of the sower and emphasizes the importance of understanding and applying Jesus' teachings.
- 4. Verse 31 "He put another parable before them, saying, 'The kingdom of heaven is like a grain of mustard seed that a man took and sowed in his field." This verse introduces the parable of the mustard seed, which emphasizes the small beginnings of the kingdom of heaven and its eventual growth and impact.
- 5. Verse 44 "The kingdom of heaven is like treasure hidden in a field, which a man found and covered up. Then in his joy he goes and sells all that he has and buys that field." This verse introduces the parable of the hidden treasure, which emphasizes the value and worth of the kingdom of heaven and the sacrifice required to attain it.

Matthew 14 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several significant events in the life of Jesus. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-12: Herod the tetrarch hears about the works of Jesus and is troubled by them, believing Jesus to be John the Baptist raised from the dead. The chapter recounts the backstory of John's execution by Herod, which was prompted by the request of Herod's stepdaughter, who danced for him and asked for John's head on a platter.

Verses 13-21: Jesus feeds a crowd of over 5,000 people with just five loaves of bread and two fish. This event is often called the Feeding of the Five Thousand and is one of the most famous miracles of Jesus.

Verses 22-33: Jesus walks on water during a storm while his disciples are in a boat. Peter asks to join Jesus on the water, but becomes frightened and begins to sink. Jesus rescues him and rebukes the disciples for their lack of faith.

Verses 34-36: After Jesus and his disciples land on the shore, they are met by a large crowd who are seeking healing. Jesus heals many people of various ailments.

Verses 37-44: Jesus feeds another large crowd, this time with seven loaves of bread and a few small fish. This event is often called the Feeding of the Four Thousand.

Overall, Matthew 14 is a chapter that emphasizes the miraculous power of Jesus and his ability to provide for and heal those in need. The chapter also highlights the persecution and execution of John the Baptist and the unbelief and lack of faith among the disciples. The Feeding of the Five Thousand and the Feeding of the Four Thousand demonstrate Jesus' compassion and concern for the physical needs of people, while the walking on water shows his power over nature.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 14 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 14 "When he went ashore he saw a great crowd, and he had compassion on them and healed their sick." This verse describes Jesus' compassion and healing power, as he performs miracles for the large crowd of people gathered around him.
- 2. Verse 22 "Immediately he made the disciples get into the boat and go before him to the other side, while he dismissed the crowds." This verse sets the scene for the miracle of Jesus walking on water, as he sends his disciples away and stays behind to pray.
- 3. Verse 28-29 "And Peter answered him, 'Lord, if it is you, command me to come to you on the water.' He said, 'Come.' So Peter got out of the boat and walked on the water and came to Jesus." This verse describes the famous scene of Peter walking on water with Jesus, demonstrating the power of faith and trust in Jesus.
- 4. Verse 31 "Jesus immediately reached out his hand and took hold of him, saying to him, 'O you of little faith, why did you doubt?" This verse follows the previous one, as Jesus rescues Peter from sinking and challenges him to have stronger faith.
- 5. Verse 33 "And those in the boat worshiped him, saying, 'Truly you are the Son of God." This verse concludes the story of Jesus walking on water, as his disciples recognize his divine power and worship him.

Matthew 15 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several teachings and encounters of Jesus with the religious leaders and people of his time. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-20: The Pharisees and scribes confront Jesus about his disciples not following the tradition of hand washing before eating. Jesus rebukes them for being more concerned with their traditions than with honoring God's commandments, and he teaches that it is not what goes into the body that defiles a person, but what comes out of the heart.

Verses 21-28: A Canaanite woman comes to Jesus, pleading with him to heal her demonpossessed daughter. Jesus initially seems to ignore her, but she persists and demonstrates her great faith. Jesus commends her faith and heals her daughter.

Verses 29-31: Jesus travels to the Sea of Galilee and heals many people of various ailments, including the blind and the lame.

Verses 32-39: Jesus feeds a crowd of over 4,000 people with seven loaves of bread and a few small fish. This event is similar to the Feeding of the Five Thousand in chapter 14, but with a different crowd and a different number of loaves and fish.

Overall, Matthew 15 is a chapter that emphasizes Jesus' teachings on true righteousness and the importance of faith. Jesus challenges the religious leaders' emphasis on tradition over God's commandments and shows compassion to a woman outside of his own community who demonstrates faith in him. The chapter also highlights Jesus' power over sickness and his provision for the physical needs of people.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 15 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 1-2 "Then Pharisees and scribes came to Jesus from Jerusalem and said, 'Why do your disciples break the tradition of the elders? For they do not wash their hands when they eat." This verse sets the scene for a conversation between Jesus and the religious leaders of his time, in which they challenge him over the customs and traditions of their faith.
- 2. Verse 11 "It is not what goes into the mouth that defiles a person, but what comes out of the mouth; this defiles a person." This verse is part of Jesus' response to the Pharisees and scribes, in which he challenges their emphasis on external actions and instead emphasizes the importance of internal thoughts and actions.
- 3. Verse 21-28 "And Jesus went away from there and withdrew to the district of Tyre and Sidon. And behold, a Canaanite woman from that region came out and was crying, 'Have mercy on me, O Lord, Son of David; my daughter is severely oppressed by a demon.' But he did not answer her a word." This verse describes a encounter between Jesus and a Canaanite woman, in which she pleads with him to heal her daughter and he initially seems to ignore her.
- 4. Verse 27 "She said, 'Yes, Lord, yet even the dogs eat the crumbs that fall from their masters' table." This verse is part of the woman's persistent pleas to Jesus, in which she demonstrates her faith and humility.
- 5. Verse 31 "so that the crowd wondered, when they saw the mute speaking, the crippled healthy, the lame walking, and the blind seeing. And they glorified the God of Israel." This verse describes the miracle of Jesus healing many people, and the response of the crowd who witnessed it.

Matthew 16 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several significant events in the life of Jesus, including his prediction of his own death and resurrection and the declaration of Peter's confession of Jesus as the Christ. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-12: The Pharisees and Sadducees demand that Jesus show them a sign from heaven. Jesus rebukes them for their hypocrisy and refusal to believe the signs they have already seen.

Verses 13-20: Jesus asks his disciples who people say that he is, and then asks them who they say that he is. Peter declares that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of the living God. Jesus commends Peter's confession and proclaims that on this rock he will build his church. Verses 21-23: Jesus predicts his own death and resurrection, but Peter rebukes him for saying such things. Jesus rebukes Peter in turn, saying, "Get behind me, Satan! You are a stumbling block to me; you do not have in mind the concerns of God, but merely human concerns."

Verses 24-28: Jesus teaches his disciples about the cost of following him and taking up one's cross. He also promises that some of them will not taste death before they see the Son of Man coming in his kingdom.

Overall, Matthew 16 is a chapter that emphasizes the identity of Jesus as the Christ and the importance of confessing and believing in him. The chapter also highlights the opposition and persecution that Jesus and his followers will face, as well as the cost of following Jesus. The prediction of Jesus' death and resurrection foreshadows the events of the later chapters of the book, while the promise of the coming of the Son of Man points to the future return of Jesus in glory.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 16 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 13-16 "Now when Jesus came into the district of Caesarea Philippi, he asked his disciples, 'Who do people say that the Son of Man is?' And they said, 'Some say John the Baptist, others say Elijah, and others Jeremiah or one of the prophets.' He said to them, 'But who do you say that I am?' Simon Peter replied, 'You are the Christ, the Son of the living God.'" This verse records the pivotal moment when Peter confesses his faith in Jesus as the Messiah.
- 2. Verse 17 "And Jesus answered him, 'Blessed are you, Simon Bar-Jonah! For flesh and blood has not revealed this to you, but my Father who is in heaven." This verse underscores the importance of faith and the divine nature of Jesus' mission.
- 3. Verse 24 "Then Jesus told his disciples, 'If anyone would come after me, let him deny himself and take up his cross and follow me." This verse speaks to the sacrificial nature of discipleship and the need to prioritize one's faith above all else.
- 4. Verse 26 "For what will it profit a man if he gains the whole world and forfeits his soul? Or what shall a man give in return for his soul?" This verse highlights the importance of prioritizing spiritual values over worldly concerns.

5. Verse 28 - "Truly, I say to you, there are some standing here who will not taste death until they see the Son of Man coming in his kingdom." This verse speaks to the eschatological dimension of Jesus' ministry and the expectation that the Kingdom of God will be established during the lifetime of some of his followers.

Matthew 17 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several significant events in the life of Jesus, including his transfiguration and healing of a boy with a demon. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-8: Jesus takes Peter, James, and John up a high mountain, where he is transfigured before them. His face shines like the sun, and his clothes become as white as light. Moses and Elijah appear and talk with Jesus. Peter suggests building three shelters for them, but a voice from a cloud declares Jesus to be God's beloved Son and commands the disciples to listen to him.

Verses 9-13: Jesus instructs the three disciples not to tell anyone about what they have seen until after his resurrection. They question him about the prophecy of Elijah's coming, and Jesus explains that John the Baptist fulfilled that prophecy.

Verses 14-20: A man brings his son, who is possessed by a demon, to Jesus and asks him to heal the boy. The disciples are unable to do so, but Jesus rebukes the demon and heals the boy. He explains to his disciples that their lack of faith was the reason they were unable to heal the boy.

Verses 21-23: Jesus predicts his own death and resurrection, causing the disciples to be greatly distressed.

Verses 24-27: Jesus pays the temple tax with a coin found in a fish's mouth.

Overall, Matthew 17 is a chapter that emphasizes the identity and authority of Jesus as the Son of God. The transfiguration is a significant event that reveals Jesus' glory and power, and the voice from the cloud affirms his identity. The healing of the demonpossessed boy demonstrates Jesus' authority over the spiritual realm, while the rebuke of the disciples' lack of faith highlights the importance of belief and trust in Jesus. The chapter also foreshadows the coming death and resurrection of Jesus, as well as the fulfillment of prophecy in John the Baptist.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 17 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 2 "And he was transfigured before them, and his face shone like the sun, and his clothes became white as light." This verse describes the transfiguration of Jesus, a miraculous event where Jesus' appearance was changed to be shining and bright.
- 2. Verse 5 "He was still speaking when, behold, a bright cloud overshadowed them, and a voice from the cloud said, 'This is my beloved Son, with whom I am well pleased; listen to him." This verse records the voice of God speaking from a cloud and affirming Jesus as his beloved son, emphasizing the authority and divinity of Jesus.
- 3. Verse 20 "He said to them, 'Because of your little faith. For truly, I say to you, if you have faith like a grain of mustard seed, you will say to this mountain, "Move from here to there," and it will move, and nothing will be impossible for you."

- This verse teaches that faith is essential for believers to accomplish great things and overcome obstacles in their lives.
- 4. Verse 26 "When they came to Capernaum, the collectors of the two-drachma tax went up to Peter and said, 'Does your teacher not pay the tax?" This verse references a Jewish tax that was used to support the temple in Jerusalem, and shows Jesus and his disciples complying with Jewish customs and laws.

Matthew 18 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains teachings of Jesus on humility, forgiveness, and the importance of unity among his followers. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-5: Jesus' disciples ask him who is the greatest in the kingdom of heaven. Jesus responds by telling them that unless they become like little children, they will not enter the kingdom of heaven.

Verses 6-9: Jesus warns his disciples not to cause others to stumble in their faith, and teaches them to cut off anything that causes them to sin.

Verses 10-14: Jesus teaches that God cares for every individual, even those who are lost or wandering, and that the angels in heaven rejoice when even one sinner repents. Verses 15-20: Jesus instructs his followers on how to handle disputes and conflicts within the church community, emphasizing the importance of seeking reconciliation and forgiveness.

Verses 21-35: Jesus teaches on the importance of forgiveness by telling the parable of the unforgiving servant. In the parable, a servant is forgiven a great debt by his master, but then refuses to forgive a smaller debt owed to him by another servant. The master then punishes the unforgiving servant for his lack of mercy.

Overall, Matthew 18 is a chapter that emphasizes the importance of humility, forgiveness, and unity among Jesus' followers. The teachings on becoming like little children and caring for the lost highlight the value of each individual in God's eyes. The instructions on handling conflicts and seeking forgiveness within the church community emphasize the importance of maintaining unity and reconciliation. The parable of the unforgiving servant drives home the importance of forgiveness and mercy towards others, and the consequences of failing to do so.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 18 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 3 "Truly, I say to you, unless you turn and become like children, you will never enter the kingdom of heaven." This verse emphasizes the importance of humility and innocence, encouraging believers to approach God with a childlike trust and dependence.
- 2. Verse 10 "See that you do not despise one of these little ones. For I tell you that in heaven their angels always see the face of my Father who is in heaven." This verse emphasizes the value of every human life and encourages believers to show love and compassion to others, especially those who may be marginalized or overlooked.
- 3. Verse 15 "If your brother sins against you, go and tell him his fault, between you and him alone. If he listens to you, you have gained your brother." This verse

- provides guidance for resolving conflicts and encourages believers to seek reconciliation with one another.
- 4. Verse 18 "Truly, I say to you, whatever you bind on earth shall be bound in heaven, and whatever you loose on earth shall be loosed in heaven." This verse emphasizes the authority given to believers to make decisions and take actions that align with God's will.

Matthew 19 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several teachings and interactions of Jesus, including his teachings on marriage, divorce, and wealth. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-12: Jesus responds to the Pharisees' question about divorce by stating that God intended for marriage to be permanent, and that divorce should only be allowed in cases of adultery.

Verses 13-15: Jesus blesses the children brought to him by the people and teaches that the kingdom of heaven belongs to those who are like them.

Verses 16-30: A wealthy young man asks Jesus what he must do to inherit eternal life. Jesus tells him to keep the commandments, but then instructs him to sell his possessions and follow him. The man leaves sorrowfully, and Jesus tells his disciples that it is difficult for a wealthy person to enter the kingdom of heaven.

Verses 31-34: Jesus predicts his own death and resurrection to his disciples.

Verses 35-40: James and John ask Jesus to let them sit at his right and left hand in his kingdom, but Jesus tells them that those positions are for God to decide.

Verses 41-30: Jesus teaches his disciples about servant leadership and tells them that he came to serve and give his life as a ransom for many.

Overall, Matthew 19 is a chapter that emphasizes the importance of commitment to God and a willingness to follow him, even if it requires sacrifice. Jesus' teachings on marriage and divorce underscore the sacredness of the marriage covenant and the importance of fidelity. The story of the wealthy young man highlights the challenge of letting go of material possessions and following Jesus, while his prediction of his own death and resurrection foreshadows the coming events of the Passion. Jesus' teaching on servant leadership emphasizes the humility and sacrifice required to follow him.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 19 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 4 "Have you not read that he who created them from the beginning made them male and female." This verse emphasizes the idea that God created humanity as male and female, with distinct genders that have significance and purpose.
- 2. Verse 14 "But Jesus said, 'Let the little children come to me and do not hinder them, for to such belongs the kingdom of heaven." This verse highlights the importance of childlike faith and encourages believers to have a humble and trusting attitude towards God.
- 3. Verse 19 "You shall not murder, You shall not commit adultery, You shall not steal, You shall not bear false witness." This verse lists some of the

- commandments that God gave to Moses on Mount Sinai, highlighting the importance of following God's laws and living a moral life.
- 4. Verse 21 "Jesus said to him, 'If you would be perfect, go, sell what you possess and give to the poor, and you will have treasure in heaven; and come, follow me." This verse challenges believers to prioritize their commitment to God above their material possessions and comforts, emphasizing the idea of self-denial and sacrifice.

Matthew 20 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several parables and teachings of Jesus, including the parable of the workers in the vineyard and Jesus' prediction of his own death and resurrection. Here is a breakdown of the chapter: Verses 1-16: Jesus tells the parable of the workers in the vineyard, in which a landowner hires workers at different times throughout the day and pays them all the same amount. This parable emphasizes the generosity and grace of God, who offers salvation to all who come to him, regardless of how long they have followed him.

Verses 17-19: Jesus predicts his own death and resurrection to his disciples.

Verses 20-28: The mother of James and John asks Jesus to grant her sons positions of honor in his kingdom, but Jesus responds by teaching that the greatest in the kingdom are those who serve others.

Verses 29-34: Jesus heals two blind men who cry out to him for mercy.

Overall, Matthew 20 is a chapter that emphasizes the grace and generosity of God, who offers salvation to all who come to him. The parable of the workers in the vineyard challenges the notion of merit-based reward and underscores the free gift of salvation that God offers to all. Jesus' prediction of his own death and resurrection foreshadows the events of the Passion, while his teaching on servant leadership emphasizes the importance of humility and service. The healing of the blind men highlights Jesus' compassion and mercy towards those in need.

here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 20 of the Christian Bible's book of Matthew, along with a brief explanation and the verse numbers where they can be found:

- 1. Verse 16 "So the last will be first, and the first last." This verse highlights the theme of reversal of expectations in the kingdom of God, where those who are considered last by the world's standards may be first in God's eyes.
- 2. Verse 28 "Even as the Son of Man came not to be served but to serve, and to give his life as a ransom for many." This verse emphasizes the sacrificial nature of Jesus' mission on earth, as he gave up his life to pay the penalty for humanity's sins and to serve as a model of selflessness and humility.
- 3. Verse 30 "And behold, there were two blind men sitting by the roadside, and when they heard that Jesus was passing by, they cried out, 'Lord, have mercy on us, Son of David!" This verse highlights the faith of these blind men, who recognized Jesus as the Messiah and were persistent in their pleas for his help.
- 4. Verse 34 "And Jesus in pity touched their eyes, and immediately they recovered their sight and followed him." This verse demonstrates Jesus' compassion and healing power, as he restored the sight of these blind men and inspired them to become his followers.

Matthew 21 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several important events in the life of Jesus, including his triumphal entry into Jerusalem, his cleansing of the temple, and his parable of the two sons. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-11: Jesus enters Jerusalem triumphantly, riding on a donkey, and is hailed by the crowds as the son of David and the Messiah.

Verses 12-17: Jesus cleanses the temple, driving out the money changers and merchants who were using the temple as a marketplace. He heals the blind and the lame who come to him there.

Verses 18-22: Jesus curses a fig tree that bears no fruit, and it withers immediately. This miracle serves as a warning against hypocrisy and the importance of bearing fruit in one's life.

Verses 23-27: The chief priests and elders question Jesus' authority, and he responds by asking them a question about John the Baptist.

Verses 28-32: Jesus tells the parable of the two sons, in which one son initially refuses to do his father's will but later changes his mind, while the other son agrees to do his father's will but does not follow through. This parable highlights the importance of obedience to God and the possibility of repentance and change.

Verses 33-46: Jesus tells the parable of the tenants, in which a landowner rents out his vineyard to tenants who refuse to give him his share of the harvest and ultimately kill his son. This parable serves as a warning to the Jewish leaders of the consequences of rejecting Jesus.

Overall, Matthew 21 is a chapter that emphasizes Jesus' authority and his role as the Messiah. His triumphal entry into Jerusalem sets the stage for the events of the Passion, while his cleansing of the temple underscores the importance of reverence and respect for God's house. The parables of the two sons and the tenants highlight the themes of obedience and rejection, while the cursing of the fig tree serves as a warning against hypocrisy and the importance of bearing fruit in one's life.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 21, along with brief explanations and where to find them in the chapter:

- 1. Matthew 21:9 "Hosanna to the Son of David! Blessed is he who comes in the name of the Lord! Hosanna in the highest heaven!" This verse describes the people's enthusiastic welcome of Jesus as he enters Jerusalem on a donkey. It is located in verse 9.
- 2. Matthew 21:12-13 "Jesus entered the temple courts and drove out all who were buying and selling there. He overturned the tables of the money changers and the benches of those selling doves. 'It is written,' he said to them, 'My house will be called a house of prayer, but you are making it a den of robbers." This passage describes Jesus' anger at the merchants in the temple who were taking advantage of the people. It is located in verses 12-13.
- 3. Matthew 21:21 "Truly I tell you, if you have faith and do not doubt, not only can you do what was done to the fig tree, but also you can say to this mountain, 'Go,

- throw yourself into the sea,' and it will be done." This verse describes Jesus' teaching on the power of faith. It is located in verse 21.
- 4. Matthew 21:42 "Jesus said to them, 'Have you never read in the Scriptures: "The stone the builders rejected has become the cornerstone; the Lord has done this, and it is marvelous in our eyes"?"" This verse is part of Jesus' response to the chief priests and elders who question his authority. It is located in verse 42.
- 5. Matthew 21:44 "Anyone who falls on this stone will be broken to pieces; anyone on whom it falls will be crushed." This verse is also part of Jesus' response to the chief priests and elders. It is a warning that those who reject Jesus will face serious consequences. It is located in verse 44.

Matthew 22 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains several important teachings and interactions of Jesus, including the parable of the wedding banquet and his responses to questions from the Pharisees and Sadducees. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-14: Jesus tells the parable of the wedding banquet, in which a king invites guests to his son's wedding but they refuse to come. The king then invites others from the streets, but one man is found without wedding clothes and is thrown out. This parable emphasizes the importance of responding to God's invitation and being properly prepared for the kingdom of God.

Verses 15-22: The Pharisees try to trap Jesus by asking him whether it is lawful to pay taxes to Caesar. Jesus responds by saying "Give back to Caesar what is Caesar's, and to God what is God's."

Verses 23-33: The Sadducees try to trap Jesus by asking him about the resurrection and marriage. Jesus responds by saying that in the resurrection people will neither marry nor be given in marriage, and that God is the God of the living, not the dead.

Verses 34-40: A Pharisee asks Jesus which commandment is the greatest. Jesus responds by saying that the greatest commandment is to love God with all one's heart, soul, and mind, and that the second is to love one's neighbor as oneself.

Verses 41-46: Jesus asks the Pharisees whose son the Messiah is, and they respond that he is the son of David. Jesus then asks how David can call the Messiah his Lord, and the Pharisees have no answer.

Overall, Matthew 22 is a chapter that emphasizes the importance of responding to God's invitation and being properly prepared for the kingdom of God. The parable of the wedding banquet underscores the consequences of rejecting God's invitation, while Jesus' responses to the questions of the Pharisees and Sadducees highlight the themes of obedience, love, and the authority of God. The chapter ends with a thought-provoking question about the nature of the Messiah and his relationship to King David.

here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 22 along with a brief explanation and where to find them in the chapter:

1. Matthew 22:37-39 - "Jesus replied: 'Love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your mind.' This is the first and greatest commandment. And the second is like it: 'Love your neighbor as yourself.'"

In this passage, Jesus is responding to a question from the Pharisees about which is the greatest commandment in the law. Jesus gives this answer, which emphasizes the importance of love for God and love for others.

- 2. Matthew 22:14 "For many are invited, but few are chosen." This verse comes at the end of a parable that Jesus tells about a king who throws a wedding banquet for his son. The king invites many guests, but they all refuse to come. So the king sends his servants to invite anyone they can find, and the banquet is filled with guests. However, one guest who is not wearing wedding clothes is thrown out. The verse "For many are invited, but few are chosen" emphasizes the idea that not everyone who is invited to the kingdom of God will ultimately enter.
 - 3. Matthew 22:21 "So give back to Caesar what is Caesar's, and to God what is God's."

In this verse, Jesus is responding to a question from the Pharisees about whether it is lawful to pay taxes to Caesar. Jesus answers with this statement, which emphasizes the idea of giving to earthly authorities what is rightfully theirs, while also acknowledging the importance of giving to God what belongs to Him.

4. Matthew 22:29 - "You are in error because you do not know the Scriptures or the power of God."

In this verse, Jesus is responding to a question from the Sadducees about the resurrection. Jesus tells them that they are in error because they do not understand the Scriptures or the power of God. This verse emphasizes the importance of understanding the Scriptures and the power of God in order to have a correct understanding of spiritual matters.

Matthew 23 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible. It contains a series of teachings and rebukes from Jesus to the scribes and Pharisees, who he accuses of hypocrisy and of neglecting the weightier matters of the law. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-12: Jesus instructs the crowds and his disciples to follow the teachings of the scribes and Pharisees, but not to follow their example, because they do not practice what they preach. He says that the greatest among them will be the one who serves others. Verses 13-36: Jesus issues a series of seven woes to the scribes and Pharisees, condemning them for their hypocrisy and for neglecting the weightier matters of the law, such as justice, mercy, and faithfulness. He accuses them of being blind guides, hypocrites, and snakes.

Verses 37-39: Jesus laments over Jerusalem, saying that he longs to gather its people under his wings, but they are unwilling.

Overall, Matthew 23 is a chapter that condemns the hypocrisy and neglect of the scribes and Pharisees, while emphasizing the importance of serving others and the weightier matters of the law. Jesus' rebukes are forceful and confrontational, reflecting his passion for justice and righteousness. The chapter ends with a poignant lament over Jerusalem, underscoring Jesus' deep love and concern for the people he came to save.

here are some important verses from Matthew Chapter 23 along with brief explanations and references to where they can be found:

1. "Then Jesus said to the crowds and to his disciples: 'The teachers of the law and the Pharisees sit in Moses' seat. So you must be careful to do everything they tell you. But do not do what they do, for they do not practice what they preach.'" (Matthew 23:1-3)

Jesus warns the people to follow the law and the teachings of Moses, but to be wary of the hypocrisy of the religious leaders of the time who did not follow their own teachings.

2. "Woe to you, teachers of the law and Pharisees, you hypocrites! You clean the outside of the cup and dish, but inside they are full of greed and self-indulgence." (Matthew 23:25)

Jesus rebukes the religious leaders for their focus on outward appearances and their lack of attention to their inner selves and their own moral and ethical behavior.

3. "Woe to you, teachers of the law and Pharisees, you hypocrites! You are like whitewashed tombs, which look beautiful on the outside but on the inside are full of the bones of the dead and everything unclean." (Matthew 23:27)

Jesus continues to denounce the religious leaders for their hypocrisy, comparing them to tombs that are beautifully adorned on the outside but are filled with rot and decay on the inside.

4. "Therefore I am sending you prophets and sages and teachers. Some of them you will kill and crucify; others you will flog in your synagogues and pursue from town to town." (Matthew 23:34)

Jesus predicts the persecution that his followers will face, warning that some of them will be killed and that they will be chased out of towns and synagogues.

5. "For all those who exalt themselves will be humbled, and those who humble themselves will be exalted." (Matthew 23:12)

Jesus teaches that those who put themselves above others will eventually be brought down, while those who are humble will be lifted up.

Matthew 24 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible that contains Jesus' teaching on the end of the age and his return. Here is a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-2: Jesus and his disciples leave the temple, and the disciples point out the impressive stones of the temple. Jesus responds by predicting that not one stone will be left upon another.

Verses 3-14: The disciples ask Jesus about the signs of his coming and the end of the age. Jesus warns them about false messiahs, wars, famines, earthquakes, and persecution. He says that the gospel will be preached throughout the world, and then the end will come. Verses 15-28: Jesus describes the abomination of desolation, an event in which an idol or image will be set up in the temple, marking the beginning of the great tribulation. He warns his followers to flee when they see this happen.

Verses 29-31: Jesus describes the signs of his coming, which will include the sun and moon being darkened, the stars falling from the sky, and the Son of Man coming on the clouds of heaven with power and great glory. He says that he will send his angels to gather his elect from the four winds.

Verses 32-35: Jesus tells his disciples to learn a lesson from the fig tree, which puts forth leaves in the spring. He says that when they see these things happening, they will know that his coming is near.

Verses 36-44: Jesus emphasizes that no one knows the day or hour of his coming, not even the angels in heaven. He says that his coming will be like the days of Noah, when people were eating and drinking and marrying right up until the flood came. He urges his followers to be ready, because the Son of Man will come at an unexpected hour. Verses 45-51: Jesus tells a parable about a faithful and wise servant who is put in charge of his master's household. He says that the servant will be blessed if he is found doing his job when the master returns, but he will be punished if he is found to be wicked and lazy. Overall, Matthew 24 is a chapter that warns about the signs of the end of the age and emphasizes the importance of being ready for the return of Jesus. Jesus warns about false messiahs, persecution, and the great tribulation, but he also offers hope and reassurance to his followers, promising that he will come again and gather his elect from the four winds.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 24, along with brief explanations and their locations in the chapter:

- 1. "Jesus left the temple and was walking away when his disciples came up to him to call his attention to its buildings. 'Do you see all these things?' he asked. 'Truly I tell you, not one stone here will be left on another; every one will be thrown down.'" (Matthew 24:1-2) Jesus predicts the destruction of the temple in Jerusalem, which was fulfilled in 70 AD.
- 2. "At that time many will turn away from the faith and will betray and hate each other, and many false prophets will appear and deceive many people." (Matthew 24:10-11) Jesus warns of false teachers and the increase of persecution before his second coming.
- 3. "So when you see standing in the holy place 'the abomination that causes desolation,' spoken of through the prophet Daniel—let the reader understand—then let those who are in Judea flee to the mountains." (Matthew 24:15-16) Jesus gives a specific sign of the end times and warns his followers to flee when they see it.
- 4. "For as lightning that comes from the east is visible even in the west, so will be the coming of the Son of Man." (Matthew 24:27) Jesus describes his second coming and emphasizes that it will be sudden and visible to all.
- 5. "Therefore keep watch, because you do not know on what day your Lord will come." (Matthew 24:42) Jesus emphasizes the need for readiness and watchfulness in anticipation of his return.
- 6. "But about that day or hour no one knows, not even the angels in heaven, nor the Son, but only the Father." (Matthew 24:36) Jesus emphasizes that the timing of his return is known only to God the Father, and that his followers should always be ready for his coming.

These are just a few of the important verses in Matthew chapter 24, which deals primarily with Jesus' teachings about the end times and his second coming.

Matthew 25 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible that contains three parables that Jesus told to illustrate the importance of being prepared for his return. Here's a breakdown of the chapter:

Verses 1-13: The Parable of the Ten Virgins. Jesus tells a story about ten virgins who are waiting for a bridegroom to come. Five of the virgins are wise and bring extra oil for their lamps, while the other five are foolish and do not. When the bridegroom is delayed, the foolish virgins run out of oil and are unable to enter the wedding feast. Jesus uses this parable to encourage his followers to be prepared for his return, because they do not know when it will happen.

Verses 14-30: The Parable of the Talents. Jesus tells a story about a man who goes on a journey and entrusts his wealth to his servants. To one servant he gives five talents, to another he gives two, and to another he gives one, each according to his ability. The servant with five talents doubles his money, as does the servant with two talents, but the servant with one talent buries it in the ground. When the master returns, he rewards the first two servants but punishes the third. Jesus uses this parable to encourage his followers to use their gifts and abilities to serve God, because they will be held accountable for how they use them.

Verses 31-46: The Judgment of the Nations. Jesus describes the final judgment, in which the Son of Man will separate the sheep (representing the righteous) from the goats (representing the wicked). He will say to the righteous, "Come, you who are blessed by my Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world," and to the wicked, "Depart from me, you cursed, into the eternal fire prepared for the devil and his angels." Jesus uses this parable to emphasize the importance of serving others, especially those who are hungry, thirsty, naked, sick, or in prison, because when we serve them, we are serving him.

Overall, Matthew 25 is a chapter that encourages us to be prepared for Jesus' return and to use our gifts and abilities to serve God and others. Jesus warns us that we will be held accountable for how we use what we have been given, and he urges us to be ready for his coming, because we do not know when it will happen.

Here are some important verses from Matthew 25:

1. "Then the kingdom of heaven shall be likened to ten virgins who took their lamps and went out to meet the bridegroom." - Matthew 25:1

This verse begins the parable of the ten virgins, which Jesus tells to illustrate the importance of being prepared for His second coming.

2. "Watch therefore, for you know neither the day nor the hour in which the Son of Man is coming." - Matthew 25:13

This verse concludes the parable of the ten virgins and serves as a warning to be ready for Christ's return at any time.

3. "For I was hungry and you gave Me food; I was thirsty and you gave Me drink; I was a stranger and you took Me in." - Matthew 25:35

This verse is part of the parable of the sheep and the goats, which Jesus tells to emphasize the importance of caring for those in need.

4. "Assuredly, I say to you, inasmuch as you did it to one of the least of these My brethren, you did it to Me." - Matthew 25:40

This verse concludes the parable of the sheep and the goats and reinforces the message of caring for others.

Matthew 26 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible that describes the events leading up to Jesus' arrest and crucifixion. Here's a breakdown of the chapter: Verses 1-5: The plot to kill Jesus. The religious leaders plot to kill Jesus, but they decide to wait until after the Passover to avoid causing a disturbance.

Verses 6-13: Jesus anointed at Bethany. Jesus is anointed with expensive perfume by a woman while he is eating at the home of Simon the leper. Some of the disciples object to the waste of money, but Jesus defends the woman and says that she has done a beautiful thing.

Verses 14-16: Judas agrees to betray Jesus. Judas agrees to betray Jesus to the religious leaders in exchange for thirty pieces of silver.

Verses 17-25: The Last Supper. Jesus celebrates the Passover with his disciples, and during the meal he institutes the sacrament of communion, in which he gives his followers bread and wine as symbols of his body and blood. He also predicts that one of his disciples will betray him.

Verses 26-35: Peter's denial predicted. Jesus predicts that Peter will deny him three times before the rooster crows, but Peter insists that he will never deny Jesus.

Verses 36-46: Jesus prays in Gethsemane. Jesus goes to the Garden of Gethsemane to pray, and he asks his disciples to keep watch with him. He becomes very distressed and prays to God to let the cup of suffering pass from him, but he ultimately submits to God's will.

Verses 47-56: Jesus arrested. Judas leads a crowd to arrest Jesus in the garden, and one of the disciples (identified as Peter in other Gospel accounts) cuts off the ear of a servant of the high priest. Jesus rebukes him and allows himself to be taken into custody.

Verses 57-75: Jesus before the Sanhedrin. Jesus is brought before the high priest and the Sanhedrin, where he is falsely accused of blasphemy. Peter denies knowing Jesus three times, just as Jesus had predicted.

Overall, Matthew 26 sets the stage for Jesus' arrest and crucifixion. It shows the plot against Jesus by the religious leaders, Jesus' betrayal by Judas, the Last Supper, Jesus' prayer in Gethsemane, his arrest, and Peter's denial. The chapter also includes some of the most well-known and meaningful elements of Christian worship, including the sacrament of communion and Jesus' prediction of Peter's denial.

Chapter 26 of the book of Matthew in the Bible contains important verses related to the events leading up to Jesus' crucifixion. Here are a few key verses with brief explanations:

1. Matthew 26:26-28: "While they were eating, Jesus took bread, and when he had given thanks, he broke it and gave it to his disciples, saying, 'Take and eat; this is my body.' Then he took a cup, and when he had given thanks, he gave it to them, saying, 'Drink from it, all of you. This is my blood of the covenant, which is poured out for many for the forgiveness of sins." These verses describe the Last Supper, a significant event in Christian theology that is often commemorated in the sacrament of Communion or the Eucharist.

- 2. Matthew 26:39: "Going a little farther, he fell with his face to the ground and prayed, 'My Father, if it is possible, may this cup be taken from me. Yet not as I will, but as you will." This verse captures the moment when Jesus prays in the Garden of Gethsemane, just before he is betrayed and arrested.
- 3. Matthew 26:47-50: "While he was still speaking, Judas, one of the Twelve, arrived. With him was a large crowd armed with swords and clubs, sent from the chief priests and the elders of the people. Now the betrayer had arranged a signal with them: 'The one I kiss is the man; arrest him.' Going at once to Jesus, Judas said, 'Greetings, Rabbi!' and kissed him. Jesus replied, 'Do what you came for, friend.'" These verses describe the moment when Judas betrays Jesus, leading to his arrest.
- 4. Matthew 26:62-63: "Then the high priest stood up and said to Jesus, 'Are you not going to answer? What is this testimony that these men are bringing against you?' But Jesus remained silent." These verses capture Jesus' response to his accusers during his trial before the high priest.
- 5. Matthew 26:75: "Then Peter remembered the word Jesus had spoken: 'Before the rooster crows, you will disown me three times.' And he went outside and wept bitterly." This verse describes Peter's denial of Jesus, a significant event in the Gospel narrative that underscores the human frailty of Jesus' followers.

Matthew 27 is a chapter in the New Testament of the Christian Bible that describes the events leading up to and including Jesus' crucifixion. Here's a breakdown of the chapter: Verses 1-2: Jesus is handed over to Pilate. The religious leaders bring Jesus to Pilate, the Roman governor, to be tried.

Verses 3-10: Judas' death. Judas, who betrayed Jesus, becomes remorseful and tries to return the thirty pieces of silver he was paid. The religious leaders refuse to take the money back, and Judas hangs himself.

Verses 11-14: Jesus' trial before Pilate. Pilate questions Jesus but finds no fault with him, yet the crowd demands his crucifixion.

Verses 15-26: Jesus is sentenced to be crucified. Pilate, wanting to avoid a riot, agrees to the crowd's demands and orders Jesus to be crucified. Jesus is mocked and beaten by the soldiers, who then lead him away to be crucified.

Verses 27-31: Jesus is mocked and led to Golgotha. Jesus is forced to carry his own cross to Golgotha, where he is crucified between two criminals. The soldiers mock him and offer him vinegar to drink.

Verses 32-44: Jesus is crucified. Jesus is crucified with the criminals, and the people continue to mock him. Darkness falls over the land, and Jesus cries out to God, "My God, my God, why have you forsaken me?" Some of the people watching believe he is calling for Elijah.

Verses 45-56: Jesus dies and is buried. Jesus dies and the veil of the temple is torn in two. Joseph of Arimathea asks Pilate for permission to bury Jesus, and he places Jesus' body in a new tomb.

Verses 57-66: Jesus' tomb is sealed. The religious leaders request that Pilate seal Jesus' tomb and place a guard to prevent anyone from stealing his body.

Overall, Matthew 27 describes the trial, sentencing, and crucifixion of Jesus. It also includes the death of Judas, the burial of Jesus, and the sealing of his tomb. The chapter emphasizes the suffering and humiliation that Jesus endured during his crucifixion and the power of the religious leaders to have him sentenced to death. It also portrays Jesus' death as a significant event, marked by darkness and the tearing of the temple veil.

Here are some important verses from Matthew chapter 27 along with a brief explanation and reference to where they can be found in the chapter:

- 1. Matthew 27:46 "My God, my God, why have you forsaken me?" This is a quote from Jesus on the cross, expressing his agony and feeling of abandonment as he takes on the sins of the world. (Verse 46)
- 2. Matthew 27:50 "And when Jesus had cried out again in a loud voice, he gave up his spirit." This verse describes the moment of Jesus' death on the cross. (Verse 50)
- 3. Matthew 27:54 "Surely he was the Son of God!" This is the reaction of the Roman centurion who witnessed Jesus' death on the cross. (Verse 54)
- 4. Matthew 27:57-60 These verses describe the burial of Jesus by Joseph of Arimathea, a rich man who was a disciple of Jesus. (Verses 57-60)
- 5. Matthew 27:62-66 These verses describe the sealing of the tomb and the posting of a guard by the chief priests and Pharisees, who were afraid that Jesus' followers would steal his body and claim that he had risen from the dead. (Verses 62-66)

Matthew 28 is the final chapter of the Gospel of Matthew and describes the events that occurred after Jesus' crucifixion and resurrection. Here's a breakdown of the chapter: Verses 1-10: The women discover the empty tomb. After the Sabbath, Mary Magdalene and the other Mary go to visit Jesus' tomb. They find the tomb empty and an angel tells them that Jesus has risen from the dead. The women are instructed to tell the disciples to meet Jesus in Galilee.

Verses 11-15: The soldiers report to the religious leaders. The soldiers who were guarding Jesus' tomb report to the religious leaders that Jesus' body has disappeared. The leaders bribe the soldiers to spread a false story that the disciples stole the body. Verses 16-20: The Great Commission. The eleven remaining disciples meet Jesus in Galilee, where he instructs them to make disciples of all nations and baptize them in the name of the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit. He promises to be with them always, even to the end of the age.

Overall, Matthew 28 emphasizes the significance of Jesus' resurrection and his commission to his disciples to spread the gospel to all nations. The chapter also acknowledges the skepticism and opposition that Jesus and his followers faced, with the soldiers and religious leaders attempting to cover up his resurrection. The final verses of the chapter, known as the Great Commission, are often seen as a central mission statement for Christian evangelism and outreach.

Chapter 28 of the Gospel of Matthew contains the story of the resurrection of Jesus Christ. Here are some important verses with brief explanations:

- 1. "After the Sabbath, at dawn on the first day of the week, Mary Magdalene and the other Mary went to look at the tomb." (Matthew 28:1) This verse sets the scene for the resurrection story, with the two Marys going to the tomb where Jesus had been buried.
- 2. "The angel said to the women, 'Do not be afraid, for I know that you are looking for Jesus, who was crucified. He is not here; he has risen, just as he said. Come and see the place where he lay." (Matthew 28:5-6) These verses describe the encounter of the two Marys with an angel, who tells them that Jesus has risen from the dead.
- 3. "Then Jesus said to them, 'Do not be afraid. Go and tell my brothers to go to Galilee; there they will see me." (Matthew 28:10) These words are spoken by Jesus himself, as he appears to the two Marys after his resurrection and sends them to tell the disciples to meet him in Galilee.
- 4. "Therefore go and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, and teaching them to obey everything I have commanded you." (Matthew 28:19-20) These are known as the Great Commission, where Jesus gives his disciples the task of spreading his teachings to all nations and baptizing people in the name of the Holy Trinity.

Notes:

Christian Bible's book of Matthew are the most difficult or have no answer. However, there are certain passages or teachings in the book of Matthew that have been debated or interpreted in various ways by scholars and theologians throughout history. Here are a few examples:

- 1. The Parable of the Wheat and the Tares (Matthew 13:24-30, 36-43) This parable describes a farmer who sows good seed in his field, but an enemy comes and sows tares among the wheat. When the workers ask the farmer if they should remove the tares, he tells them to let both grow together until the harvest. This parable has been interpreted in various ways, with some seeing it as a warning against false teachers and others seeing it as a call for patience and tolerance.
- 2. The "Unforgivable Sin" (Matthew 12:31-32) Jesus states that all sins and blasphemies will be forgiven, except for blasphemy against the Holy Spirit, which will not be forgiven in this age or the age to come. This passage has been debated by scholars and theologians over the centuries, with some suggesting that it refers to a specific act of rejecting the Holy Spirit and others seeing it as a metaphor for persistent and unrepentant sin.
- 3. The Identity of the "Son of Man" (Matthew 16:13-20) In this passage, Jesus asks his disciples who people say that the Son of Man is, and then asks them who they say he is. Peter answers that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of the living God, and Jesus tells him that he is blessed and that he will build his church on this confession. The identity of the "Son of Man" has been debated by scholars and theologians, with some seeing it as a reference to Jesus' human nature, while others see it as a reference to his divine nature.

While these passages and teachings may be difficult to fully understand or interpret, they are still considered important parts of the Christian faith and have been studied and discussed by scholars and believers for centuries.