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YouTube Prayer Link

God's requirements for moral and sexual ethics

The Bible contains many teachings and requirements about moral and sexual ethics, primarily from the Jewish Bible (Old Testament) and the Christian Bible (Old and New Testaments). Here are some of the main teachings on this:

Exodus 20:2-17 contains details of the Ten Commandments, including Thou shalt not kill, Thou shalt not commit adultery, and Thou shalt not steal.

The Ten Commandments: The Ten Commandments were God's commandments taught by Moses, and they are considered God's basic moral requirements for human beings. These commandments include not idolatry, not claiming God's name, not killing, not stealing, not committing adultery, not giving false testimony, and so on.

Mercy and generosity: The Bible teaches people to show mercy and generosity to the weak, the poor, orphans, and widows. Acts of charity and giving to others are seen as God's will.

1 Timothy 5:22 exhorts people to keep themselves innocent, saying, "Do not rush to lay on your hands, lest you sin with them."

In Matthew 5:42, Jesus teaches generosity, saying, "Give to him whoever asks for you; Whoever borrows from you cannot be excused."

Ephesians 4:25 teaches to speak the truth, to turn away from hypocrisy, saying, "Therefore renounce lies, and each of you will tell the truth with your neighbor, for we are members of each other".

Honesty and Integrity: The Bible teaches people to be honest and upright, not to testify, not to deceive, not to steal, and not to seek ill-gotten gains.

Thou shalt not kill: The Bible explicitly forbids murder, and respect for life is an important moral principle.

In Matthew 22:39, Jesus mentions that "love your neighbor as yourself" as the second commandment, which is to love your neighbor as yourself.

Love Your Neighbor as Yourself: The Bible teaches people to love their neighbor as oneself and to have love and compassion for others.

First Corinthians 6:18 speaks of running away from sexual immorality, saying, "Whoever commits sexual immorality is guilty of his own body."

The Bible contains teaching about God's judgment on sexual immorality and immorality. Here are some relevant verses:

1 Corinthians 6:18-20

"Escape from sexual immorality. Every sin, whatever it may be, is outside the body; He who commits adultery is guilty of his own body. Do you not know that your bodies are the temple of the Holy Spirit? This Holy Spirit is from God and dwells in you, and you are not your own. For you have been bought at great price, glorify God in your bodies."

In this passage, the apostle Paul emphasizes the need to avoid sexual immorality, because sexual immorality is a sin that offends one's own body. He reminded Christians that their bodies are temples of the Holy Spirit and should be used to glorify God.

Ephesians 5:3-5:

"As for sexual immorality, and all defilement, or covetousness, let it not even be mentioned among you, so that it is in line with the saintly system. Obscene words, nonsense, and jokes are not appropriate, always say words of thanks. For you know for sure that whether it is fornication, defilement, or covetousness, it is indistinguishable in Christ and in the kingdom of God."

This passage teaches Christians to stay away from sexual immorality, filth, and greed because these actions are not in line with God's will. Paul warns that such a person cannot inherit the kingdom of God.

Hebrews 13:4

"Marriage should be respected in all respects, and the bed should not be defiled; For fornication and those who commit adultery, God will judge."

This passage emphasizes the dignity of marriage, mentioning that marriage should be respected in all respects and the bed should not be defiled, or God will judge.

These verses show that in the Christian Bible, God has clear teaching about sexual immorality and immoral behavior, and that these actions are considered sins against God. Christian teaching encourages believers to turn away from these sins and use their bodies for the glory of God. At the same time, however, Christianity also teaches mercy, forgiveness, and the opportunity for regeneration so that believers can seek grace from God and change their lives.

It is important to note that different Christian denominations and different currents of Judaism may interpret and apply these moral and sexual ethical norms differently. In addition, social and cultural factors can influence the understanding and practice of these teachings. As a result, the moral and sexual ethical requirements of the Bible may be interpreted and applied differently in different cultural and religious contexts.

## Let us pray together

Dear Heavenly Father,

We thank You for providing us with a Bible that contains Your clear teachings on sexual immorality and immorality. We recognize that the purpose of these teachings is to guide us on the right path, to protect our souls, and to enable us to glorify Your name.

We pray for ourselves and our society to give us the strength and wisdom to keep us away from sexual immorality and immorality. Help us to guard our bodies, hearts, and souls and make them temples of the Holy Spirit. We know we may face temptations and difficulties in this regard, but we believe Your grace is enough to help us stay on the right path.

At the same time, we also pray for those who fall into sexual immorality and immorality. Touch their hearts and lead them back to the path of justice. So that they can experience Your love and forgiveness, and be transformed and born again.

Finally, we thank You for your love and forgiveness for us, and for your willingness to accept us even when we make mistakes. Help us to follow Your ways and live holy and righteous lives to the glory of Your name.

Pray in the name of Jesus Christ, Amen..

## Leviticus chapter 18

Le. 18:1 The LORD said to Moses,

Le. 18:2 “Speak to the Israelites and say to them: ‘I am the LORD your God.

Le. 18:3 You must not do as they do in Egypt, where you used to live, and you must not do as they do in the land of Canaan, where I am bringing you. Do not follow their practices.

Le. 18:4 You must obey my laws and be careful to follow my decrees. I am the LORD your God.

Le. 18:5 Keep my decrees and laws, for the man who obeys them will live by them. I am the LORD.

Le. 18:6 “No-one is to approach any close relative to have sexual relations. I am the LORD.

Le. 18:7 “Do not dishonour your father by having sexual relations with your mother. She is your mother; do not have relations with her.

Le. 18:8 “Do not have sexual relations with your father’s wife; that would dishonour your father.

Le. 18:9 “Do not have sexual relations with your sister, either your father’s daughter or your mother’s daughter, whether she was born in the same home or elsewhere.

Le. 18:10 “Do not have sexual relations with your son’s daughter or your daughter’s daughter; that would dishonour you.

Le. 18:11 “Do not have sexual relations with the daughter of your father’s wife, born to your father; she is your sister.

Le. 18:12 “Do not have sexual relations with your father’s sister; she is your father’s close relative.

Le. 18:13 “Do not have sexual relations with your mother’s sister, because she is your mother’s close relative.

Le. 18:14 “Do not dishonour your father’s brother by approaching his wife to have sexual relations; she is your aunt.

Le. 18:15 “Do not have sexual relations with your daughter-in-law. She is your son’s wife; do not have relations with her.

Le. 18:16 “Do not have sexual relations with your brother’s wife; that would dishonour your brother.

Le. 18:17 “Do not have sexual relations with both a woman and her daughter. Do not have sexual relations with either her son’s

daughter or her daughter's daughter; they are her close relatives. That is wickedness.

Le. 18:18 “Do not take your wife's sister as a rival wife and have sexual relations with her while your wife is living.

Le. 18:19 “Do not approach a woman to have sexual relations during the uncleanness of her monthly period.

Le. 18:20 “Do not have sexual relations with your neighbour's wife and defile yourself with her.

Le. 18:21 “Do not give any of your children to be sacrificed [Or to be passed through the fire] to Molech, for you must not profane the name of your God. I am the LORD.

Le. 18:22 “Do not lie with a man as one lies with a woman; that is detestable.

Le. 18:23 “Do not have sexual relations with an animal and defile yourself with it. A woman must not present herself to an animal to have sexual relations with it; that is a perversion.

Le. 18:24 “Do not defile yourselves in any of these ways, because this is how the nations that I am going to drive out before you became defiled.

Le. 18:25 Even the land was defiled; so I punished it for its sin, and the land vomited out its inhabitants.

Le. 18:26 But you must keep my decrees and my laws. The native-born and the aliens living among you must not do any of these detestable things,

Le. 18:27 for all these things were done by the people who lived in the land before you, and the land became defiled.

Le. 18:28 And if you defile the land, it will vomit you out as it vomited out the nations that were before you.

Le. 18:29 “Everyone who does any of these detestable things — such persons must be cut off from their people.

Le. 18:30 Keep my requirements and do not follow any of the detestable customs that were practised before you came and do not defile yourselves with them. I am the LORD your God.”

Chapter 18 of Leviticus in the Bible contains a series of laws related to sexual behavior, emphasizing the importance of maintaining sexual purity and avoiding immoral practices. The chapter begins by stating that the Israelites should not follow the practices of the Egyptians or the Canaanites, as they are abominable in the eyes of the Lord.

The chapter then goes on to list several specific prohibitions related to sexual behavior, including the prohibition of incest, adultery, homosexuality, bestiality, and child sacrifice. The chapter also emphasizes the importance of respecting one's relatives and neighbors by not engaging in sexual relationships with their family members or spouses.

The chapter concludes by emphasizing the importance of following God's commands and avoiding immoral behavior, stating that those who do so will be blessed, while those who disobey will be cut off from their people. Overall, the chapter serves as a reminder of the importance of sexual purity and the need to honor God's commands in all areas of life.

The key verses in chapter 18 in the book of Leviticus in christian bible

Here are some key verses in chapter 18 of the book of Leviticus:

1. "Then the Lord spoke to Moses, saying, 'Speak to the children of Israel, and say to them: "I am the Lord your God.'" " (Leviticus 18:1-2)

These verses introduce the chapter and emphasize the authority of God's commands.

2. "You shall not do as they do in the land of Egypt, where you lived, and you shall not do as they do in the land of Canaan, to which I am bringing you. You shall not follow their statutes." (Leviticus 18:3)

This verse warns the Israelites not to adopt the immoral practices of the surrounding nations, but rather to remain faithful to God's commands.

3. "You shall not lie with a male as with a woman. It is an abomination." (Leviticus 18:22)

This verse prohibits same-sex sexual activity, emphasizing that it is a serious offense in the eyes of God.

4. "Do not defile yourselves with any of these things; for by all these the nations are defiled, which I am casting out before you. For the land is defiled; therefore I visit the punishment of its iniquity upon it, and the land vomits out its inhabitants." (Leviticus 18:24-25)

These verses reinforce the prohibition against immoral behavior and emphasize that engaging in such activities will defile the land and result in punishment from God.

5. "You shall therefore keep My statutes and My judgments, and shall not commit any of these abominations, either any of your own nation or any stranger who dwells among you (for all these abominations the men of the land have done, who were before you, and thus the land is defiled), lest the land vomit you out also when you defile it, as it vomited out the nations that were before you." (Leviticus 18:26-28)

These verses conclude the chapter and emphasize the importance of following God's commands in order to avoid being punished and cast out of the land, as the previous inhabitants were.

Chapter 18 of the Book of Leviticus in the Bible addresses various laws related to sexual morality. It provides guidelines and prohibitions regarding sexual relationships, emphasizing the importance of maintaining purity and honoring God's design for sexuality. Here is a reflection on the key themes and lessons found in Leviticus chapter 18:

**God's Design for Sexuality:** Leviticus 18 highlights God's intention for sexuality within the context of marriage. It emphasizes the sanctity of sexual relationships and establishes boundaries to maintain purity and avoid immoral practices.

**Reflection:** This chapter reminds us that God is the creator of human sexuality and has a purpose for it. It teaches us that sexual relationships are to be enjoyed and celebrated within the bounds of marriage, where they can express love, intimacy, and unity. It challenges us to honor God's design by valuing and protecting the sanctity of marriage and refraining from sexual immorality in all its forms.

**The Call to Holiness:** Leviticus 18 emphasizes the call to holiness and sets Israel apart from the surrounding nations by providing laws that differentiate them in their sexual practices.

**Reflection:** The call to holiness in the realm of sexuality challenges us to live according to God's standards, even when they differ from the prevailing culture. It reminds us that our identity as God's people is not just reflected in our religious practices but also in our ethical and moral choices, including our sexual conduct. It encourages us to uphold God's standards for sexual purity and to resist the temptation to conform to worldly values and practices.

**Avoiding Incestuous and Unlawful Relationships:** Leviticus 18 specifically prohibits various incestuous relationships and sexual relations with close relatives, emphasizing the importance of maintaining appropriate family and marital boundaries.

**Reflection:** The prohibition of incestuous and unlawful relationships reminds us of the significance of maintaining healthy and appropriate boundaries within our familial and marital relationships. It teaches us to respect and honor the family unit, understanding that certain relationships are meant to be sacred and free from sexual exploitation. It challenges us to foster healthy family dynamics and to treat one another with love, respect, and purity.

**Rejecting Cultural Practices:** Leviticus 18 warns against adopting the immoral practices of the surrounding pagan cultures. It emphasizes the Israelites' responsibility to adhere to God's laws and avoid the sexual practices that characterized the nations around them.

**Reflection:** The warning against adopting cultural practices reminds us of the need to resist the influence of immoral and degrading sexual practices in our own societies. It calls us to be discerning and to reject any form of sexual conduct that goes against God's design and commandments. It challenges us to be counter-cultural, living in a way that reflects our commitment to God's standards of purity and honoring His plan for sexuality.

In summary, Leviticus chapter 18 focuses on the themes of God's design for sexuality, the call to holiness, avoiding incestuous and unlawful relationships, and rejecting cultural practices. It reminds us of the importance of upholding God's standards for sexual purity and honoring the sanctity of marriage. It challenges us to live in a way that sets us apart from the world, maintaining appropriate boundaries and fostering healthy relationships. It prompts us to seek God's guidance and strength in navigating the complexities of sexuality in accordance with His Word..