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Promises for Book Hebrews

Hebrews chapter 1 does not contain any explicit promises of God, but it does emphasize the supremacy of Jesus Christ over all other beings and things. Here are some key points from Hebrews chapter 1:

God has spoken through His Son, Jesus Christ, who is the radiance of God's glory and the exact representation of His being (Hebrews 1:1-3).

Jesus Christ is superior to angels, and even the angels worship Him (Hebrews 1:4-14).

God has appointed Jesus Christ as the heir of all things, and through Him, God created the world (Hebrews 1:2, 8-12).

Jesus Christ is the same yesterday, today, and forever, and His throne will last forever (Hebrews 1:12-13).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 1 emphasizes the greatness and supremacy of Jesus Christ and His role as the Son of God. While there are no explicit promises in this chapter, it lays a strong foundation for the promises that are revealed throughout the rest of the Bible.

Hebrews chapter 2 contains several promises of God. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 2:

God has given salvation to those who believe in Jesus Christ (Hebrews 2:3).

Jesus Christ, as the pioneer of salvation, brings many sons and daughters to glory, and He shares in our humanity so that He can be a merciful and faithful high priest (Hebrews 2:10-18).

Through His death, Jesus Christ destroyed the devil, who held the power of death, and freed those who were held in slavery by their fear of death (Hebrews 2:14-15).

Jesus Christ is able to help those who are being tempted, and He sympathizes with our weaknesses (Hebrews 2:18).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 2 emphasizes the power of Jesus Christ's sacrifice and His role as our high priest who can empathize with us and help us in our times of need. The chapter also emphasizes the promise of salvation for those who believe in Jesus Christ.

Hebrews chapter 3 contains several promises of God. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 3:

Jesus Christ is faithful as the Son over God's house, and we are God's house if we hold on to our courage and the hope of which we boast (Hebrews 3:6).

Today, if we hear God's voice, we should not harden our hearts as the Israelites did in the wilderness (Hebrews 3:7-8).

God swore on oath that the Israelites who disobeyed would never enter His rest, and this serves as a warning for us to be careful not to fall into disobedience and unbelief (Hebrews 3:11).

We are partners with Christ if we hold firmly to the end the confidence we had at first (Hebrews 3:14).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 3 emphasizes the importance of faithfulness and perseverance in following God, as well as the promise of being partners with Christ if we hold firm to our faith. The chapter also serves as a warning against disobedience and unbelief, and reminds us to listen to God's voice and not harden our hearts.

Hebrews chapter 4 contains several promises of God. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 4:

The promise of entering God's rest still stands, and we should make every effort to enter that rest, lest we fall into disobedience like the Israelites in the wilderness (Hebrews 4:1-11).

We have a great high priest, Jesus Christ, who has passed through the heavens and understands our weaknesses, and we can approach His throne of grace with confidence to receive mercy and find grace to help us in our time of need (Hebrews 4:14-16).

The word of God is living and active, sharper than any double-edged sword, and it is able to judge the thoughts and attitudes of the heart (Hebrews 4:12-13).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 4 emphasizes the promise of entering God's rest and the importance of faithfulness and obedience in pursuing that promise. The chapter also highlights the role of Jesus Christ as our high priest who can empathize with us and help us in our times of need, as well as the power of God's word to transform us.

Hebrews chapter 5 does not contain any explicit promises of God, but it does emphasize the importance of the priesthood of Jesus Christ and the need for believers to mature in their faith. Here are some key points from Hebrews chapter 5:

Every high priest is selected from among the people and is appointed to represent them in matters related to God (Hebrews 5:1-4).

Jesus Christ was appointed by God to be a high priest in the order of Melchizedek, and He learned obedience through His suffering (Hebrews 5:5-10).

The readers of Hebrews are rebuked for their spiritual immaturity and are urged to move beyond the basic teachings of Christ and onto maturity (Hebrews 5:11-14).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 5 emphasizes the importance of the priesthood of Jesus Christ and the need for believers to grow in their faith and maturity. While there are no explicit promises in this chapter, it lays a foundation for the promises of salvation and eternal life that are revealed throughout the rest of the Bible.

Hebrews chapter 6 contains several promises of God. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 6:

The readers are urged to move beyond the basic teachings of Christ and onto maturity, and they are assured that God will not forget their work and the love they have shown Him as they have helped His people and continue to do so (Hebrews 6:1-10).

God made a promise to Abraham and confirmed it with an oath, and He fulfilled that promise by sending Jesus Christ as a forerunner on our behalf (Hebrews 6:13-20).

We have a hope that is like an anchor for our souls, firm and secure, and it enters the inner sanctuary behind the curtain, where Jesus Christ has entered on our behalf (Hebrews 6:19-20).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 6 emphasizes the importance of faithfulness and perseverance in following God, as well as the promise of eternal life that is available to those who trust in Jesus Christ. The chapter also emphasizes the faithfulness of God in fulfilling His promises, and the hope and security that comes from anchoring our faith in Him. Hebrews chapter 7 contains several promises of God related to the priesthood of Jesus Christ. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 7:

Jesus Christ is a priest forever in the order of Melchizedek, and His priesthood is superior to that of the Levitical priests because it is based on an indestructible life (Hebrews 7:1-17).

Because of His eternal priesthood, Jesus is able to save completely those who come to God through Him, and He always lives to intercede for us (Hebrews 7:23-25).

Jesus is the guarantor of a better covenant than the old covenant, and His priesthood is established by an oath from God (Hebrews 7:22).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 7 emphasizes the superiority of Jesus Christ's priesthood and the promise of salvation that comes through Him. The chapter also emphasizes the faithfulness of God in establishing Jesus as a priest forever and the security that comes from anchoring our faith in Him.

Hebrews chapter 8 contains several promises of God related to the new covenant established through Jesus Christ. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 8:

Jesus Christ is the mediator of a better covenant that is based on better promises (Hebrews 8:1-6).

God promises to establish a new covenant with His people, one that is not like the old covenant that was broken by the people. Instead, this new covenant will be written on their hearts, and God will be their God and they will be His people (Hebrews 8:7-13).

The new covenant brings forgiveness of sins and a closer relationship with God, with the promise that God will remember our sins no more (Hebrews 8:12).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 8 emphasizes the promise of a new and better covenant that brings forgiveness of sins and a closer relationship with God. The chapter highlights the faithfulness of God in establishing this new covenant and the security that comes from anchoring our faith in Him.

Hebrews chapter 9 contains several promises of God related to the redemption and purification of His people through the sacrifice of Jesus Christ. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 9:

The blood of goats and bulls and the ashes of a heifer could only provide external purification, but the blood of Christ purifies our consciences from dead works so that we can serve the living God (Hebrews 9:11-14).

Christ offered Himself as a sacrifice once for all to take away the sins of many people, and He will appear a second time to bring salvation to those who are waiting for Him (Hebrews 9:24-28).

Through His sacrifice, Christ has obtained eternal redemption for us, and He has entered the heavenly sanctuary to appear before God on our behalf (Hebrews 9:11-12).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 9 emphasizes the promise of redemption and purification that comes through the sacrifice of Jesus Christ. The chapter highlights the faithfulness of God in providing a way for us to be reconciled to Him, and the security that comes from anchoring our faith in Christ's sacrifice.

Hebrews chapter 10 contains several promises of God related to the finality and sufficiency of Christ's sacrifice. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 10:

The sacrifice of Jesus Christ is superior to the sacrifices offered under the old covenant, and it is the final sacrifice for sins (Hebrews 10:1-18).

Through Christ's sacrifice, we have confidence to enter the Most Holy Place and approach God with sincerity and faith (Hebrews 10:19-22).

God promises to remember our sins no more and to write His law on our hearts, making us His people (Hebrews 10:16-17).

God promises to judge His enemies and to provide a way for His people to persevere in faith until the end (Hebrews 10:27-39).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 10 emphasizes the promise of finality and sufficiency of Christ's sacrifice for our sins. The chapter highlights the faithfulness of God in providing a way for us to approach Him with confidence and in promising to remember our sins no more. The chapter also encourages us to persevere in faith, trusting in God's promises and relying on His strength.

Hebrews chapter 11 is often referred to as the "faith chapter" because it provides examples of faithful men and women from the Old Testament. While the chapter does not contain specific promises from God, it highlights the faithfulness of God's people throughout history and encourages us to trust in God's promises. Here are some key themes from Hebrews chapter 11: Faith is the assurance of things hoped for and the conviction of things not seen (Hebrews 11:1).

By faith, Abel offered a better sacrifice than Cain, Enoch was taken up to heaven, and Noah built an ark to save his family (Hebrews 11:4-7).

By faith, Abraham obeyed God's call to leave his home and became the father of many nations, and Sarah gave birth to a child in her old age (Hebrews 11:8-12).

By faith, Moses' parents hid him from Pharaoh, Moses led the Israelites out of Egypt, and Rahab protected the Israelite spies in Jericho (Hebrews 11:23-31).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 11 emphasizes the importance of faith in the lives of God's people throughout history. The chapter encourages us to trust in God's promises, even when we do not see them fulfilled immediately, and to look to the examples of faithful men and women who have gone before us.

Hebrews chapter 12 contains several promises of God related to discipline, endurance, and the kingdom of God. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 12:

God disciplines His children for their good, so that they may share in His holiness (Hebrews 12:5-11).

We are called to throw off everything that hinders and the sin that so easily entangles, and to run with perseverance the race marked out for us, fixing our eyes on Jesus (Hebrews 12:1-3).

We have not come to a physical mountain that can be touched, but to Mount Zion, the heavenly Jerusalem, and to Jesus, the mediator of a new covenant (Hebrews 12:18-24).

God promises to shake the heavens and the earth once more, and to establish a kingdom that cannot be shaken (Hebrews 12:26-28).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 12 emphasizes the importance of discipline and endurance in the Christian life. The chapter encourages us to fix our eyes on Jesus, to run with perseverance the race marked out for us, and to trust in God's promises for a kingdom that cannot be shaken. The chapter also reminds us of the faithfulness of God in disciplining His children and bringing them into His holy presence.

Hebrews chapter 13 contains several promises of God related to love, hospitality, and faithfulness. Here are some key promises from Hebrews chapter 13:

God promises to never leave us or forsake us, so we can confidently say, "The Lord is my helper; I will not be afraid" (Hebrews 13:5-6).

We are called to love one another, to show hospitality to strangers, and to remember those in prison and those who are mistreated (Hebrews 13:1-3).

Jesus Christ is the same yesterday, today, and forever, and He is the source of our salvation and our strength (Hebrews 13:8-9).

We are called to offer a sacrifice of praise to God continually, to do good and to share with others, for with such sacrifices God is well pleased (Hebrews 13:15-16).

Overall, Hebrews chapter 13 emphasizes the importance of love, hospitality, and faithfulness in the Christian life. The chapter encourages us to trust in God's promise to never leave us or forsake us, and to show His love to others through acts of kindness and service. The chapter also reminds us of the unchanging nature of Jesus Christ and encourages us to offer Him continual praise and thanksgiving.