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Promises for 1 Corinthians

In chapter 1 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God.
Here are a few:

God is faithful: Verse 9 states, "God is faithful, who has called you into fellowship with his Son, Jesus Christ our Lord." This promises that God will always be faithful to those who have accepted his call to follow Jesus.

The grace of God: Verse 4 says, "I always thank my God for you because of his grace given you in Christ Jesus." This promises that God's grace is available to all who believe in Jesus Christ.

Spiritual gifts: Verse 7 says, "Therefore you do not lack any spiritual gift as you eagerly wait for our Lord Jesus Christ to be revealed." This promises that God will provide all the spiritual gifts needed to serve him faithfully.

The day of our Lord Jesus Christ: Verse 8 promises that God will keep believers strong to the end, so that they will be blameless on the day of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Fellowship with Jesus: Verse 9 promises that believers have been called into fellowship with Jesus Christ, which means they can have a personal relationship with him.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 1 emphasizes God's faithfulness, grace, provision of spiritual gifts, and the promise of eternal fellowship with Jesus Christ.

In chapter 2 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God.
Here are a few:

The wisdom of God: Verse 5 says, "so that your faith might not rest on human wisdom, but on God's power." This promises that God's wisdom and power are available to those who have faith in Him.

The Holy Spirit: Verse 10 says, "The Spirit searches all things, even the deep things of God." This promises that the Holy Spirit will reveal the deep things of God to those who seek Him.

Spiritual discernment: Verse 14 says, "The person without the Spirit does not accept the things that come from the Spirit of God but considers them foolishness." This promises that the Holy Spirit will give believers spiritual discernment to understand the things of God.

Christ crucified: Verse 2 says, "For I resolved to know nothing while I was with you except Jesus Christ and him crucified." This promises that the message of Christ crucified is the power of God for salvation to everyone who believes.

The mind of Christ: Verse 16 says, "But we have the mind of Christ." This promises that believers have the ability to understand and think as Christ did.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 2 emphasizes the wisdom and power of God, the revelation of the Holy Spirit, spiritual discernment, the message of Christ crucified, and the mind of Christ available to believers.

In chapter 3 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

Spiritual growth: Verse 6 says, "I planted the seed, Apollos watered it, but God has been making it grow." This promises that God is responsible for the growth of believers in their faith.

Eternal reward: Verse 8 says, "The one who plants and the one who waters have one purpose, and they will each be rewarded according to their own labor." This promises that God will reward believers according to their labor in His kingdom.

Temple of God: Verse 16 says, "Don't you know that you yourselves are God's temple and that God's Spirit dwells in your midst?" This promises that God's Spirit dwells in believers, and they are a part of God's temple.

Wisdom of this world: Verse 19 says, "For the wisdom of this world is foolishness in God's sight." This promises that true wisdom comes from God and not from the wisdom of this world.

Inheritance: Verse 21 says, "All things are yours." This promises that believers have an inheritance in Christ, and all things are under their authority.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 3 emphasizes spiritual growth, eternal reward, the temple of God, the wisdom of God, and the inheritance believers have in Christ.

In chapter 4 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

Judgment of the Lord: Verse 4 says, "My conscience is clear, but that does not make me innocent. It is the Lord who judges me." This promises that God will judge each person's actions and motives.

Hidden things revealed: Verse 5 says, "Therefore judge nothing before the appointed time; wait until the Lord comes. He will bring to light what is hidden in darkness and will expose the motives of the heart." This promises that God will reveal the hidden things and motives of people's hearts.

Approval of God: Verse 5 also says, "At that time each will receive their praise from God." This promises that God will give His approval to those who are faithful to Him.

Suffering and comfort: Verse 9 says, "For it seems to me that God has put us apostles on display at the end of the procession, like those condemned to die in the arena. We have been made a spectacle to the whole universe, to angels as well as to human beings. We are fools for Christ, but you are so wise in Christ! We are weak, but you are strong! You are honored, we are dishonored!" This promises that believers may experience suffering for the sake of Christ, but God will provide comfort and strength.

Father-child relationship: Verse 15 says, "Even if you had ten thousand guardians in Christ, you do not have many fathers, for in Christ Jesus I became your father through the gospel." This promises that believers have a special relationship with God as their Father through the gospel.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 4 emphasizes the judgment of the Lord, the revelation of hidden things, the approval of God, the comfort provided during suffering, and the father-child relationship believers have with God.

In chapter 5 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

Judgment of the Lord: Verse 5 says, "hand this man over to Satan for the destruction of the flesh, so that his spirit may be saved on the day of the Lord." This promises that God will judge each person's actions and motives.

Purification: Verse 7 says, "Get rid of the old yeast, so that you may be a new unleavened batch—as you really are. For Christ, our Passover lamb, has been sacrificed." This promises that believers can be purified from sin and become new in Christ.

Fellowship: Verse 11 says, "But now I am writing to you that you must not associate with anyone who claims to be a brother or sister but is sexually immoral or greedy, an idolater or slanderer, a drunkard or swindler. Do not even eat with such people." This promises that believers should have fellowship with one another and not with those who are living in sin.

Power of Christ: Verse 4 says, "When you are assembled in the name of our Lord Jesus and I am with you in spirit, and the power of our Lord Jesus is present." This promises that the power of Christ is present when believers are gathered together in His name.

New creation: Verse 17 says, "Therefore, if anyone is in Christ, the new creation has come: The old has gone, the new is here!" This promises that believers who are in Christ have become a new creation, and their old selves have passed away.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 5 emphasizes the judgment of the Lord, purification through Christ's sacrifice, fellowship with believers, the power of Christ, and the new creation that believers become in Him.

In chapter 6 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

Inheritance of the kingdom of God: Verse 9-10 says, "Or do you not know that wrongdoers will not inherit the kingdom of God? Do not be deceived: Neither the sexually immoral nor idolaters nor adulterers nor men who have sex with men nor thieves nor the greedy nor drunkards nor slanderers nor swindlers will inherit the kingdom of God." This promises that those who do not practice righteousness will not inherit the kingdom of God.

Sanctification and justification: Verse 11 says, "And that is what some of you were. But you were washed, you were sanctified, you were justified in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and by the Spirit of our God." This promises that believers who were once living in sin have been washed, sanctified, and justified by the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and the Holy Spirit.

The body belongs to the Lord: Verse 19-20 says, "Do you not know that your bodies are temples of the Holy Spirit, who is in you, whom you have received from God? You are not your own; you were bought at a price. Therefore honor God with your bodies." This promises that believers are temples of the Holy Spirit and belong to God, so they should honor God with their bodies.

Resurrection: Verse 14 says, "By his power God raised the Lord from the dead, and he will raise us also." This promises that believers will be raised from the dead by the power of God, just as the Lord Jesus was raised.

Fellowship with Christ: Verse 17 says, "But whoever is united with the Lord is one with him in spirit." This promises that believers who are united with the Lord are one with Him in spirit and have fellowship with Him.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 6 emphasizes the inheritance of the kingdom of God, sanctification and justification, the body belonging to the Lord, resurrection, and fellowship with Christ.

In chapter 7 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

God's concern for marital relationships: Verse 10-11 says, "To the married I give this command (not I, but the Lord): A wife must not separate from her husband. But if she does, she must remain unmarried or else be reconciled to her husband. And a husband must not divorce his wife." This promises that God is concerned with the marital relationship and desires that husbands and wives remain faithful to one another.

Each person's unique calling: Verse 17 says, "Nevertheless, each person should live as a believer in whatever situation the Lord has assigned to them, just as God has called them." This promises that God has assigned each person a unique calling and they should live as believers in whatever situation they find themselves.

Peace in Christ: Verse 15 says, "But if the unbeliever leaves, let it be so. The brother or the sister is not bound in such circumstances; God has called us to live in peace." This promises that believers can live in peace even in difficult circumstances because of their faith in Christ.

God's provision: Verse 25 says, "Now about virgins: I have no command from the Lord, but I give a judgment as one who by the Lord's mercy is trustworthy." This promises that God will provide trustworthy guidance even when specific commands are not given.

Freedom from anxiety: Verse 32 says, "I would like you to be free from concern. An unmarried man is concerned about the Lord's affairs—how he can please the Lord." This promises that believers can be free from anxiety as they seek to please the Lord.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 7 emphasizes God's concern for marital relationships, each person's unique calling, peace in Christ, God's provision, and freedom from anxiety.

In chapter 8 of 1 Corinthians, the main focus is on the issue of eating food that had been offered to idols. There are no explicit promises in this chapter, but there are some principles that can be attributed to God.

There is only one God: Verse 4-6 says, "So then, about eating food sacrificed to idols: We know that "An idol is nothing at all in the world" and that "There is no God but one." For even if there are so-called gods, whether in heaven or on earth (as indeed there are many "gods" and many "lords"), yet for us there is but one God, the Father, from whom all things came and for whom we live; and there is but one Lord, Jesus Christ, through whom all things came and through whom we live." This affirms the belief in the one true God, and that idols have no power in and of themselves.

Love is more important than knowledge: Verse 1-3 says, "Now about food sacrificed to idols: We know that "We all possess knowledge." But knowledge puffs up while love builds up. Those who think they know something do not yet know as they ought to know. But whoever loves God is known by God." This emphasizes the importance of love over knowledge, and how true knowledge leads to humility and love for God.

Our actions can impact others: Verse 9-10 says, "Be careful, however, that the exercise of your rights does not become a stumbling block to the weak. For if someone with a weak conscience sees you, with all your knowledge, eating in an idol's temple, won't that person be emboldened to eat what is sacrificed to idols?" This highlights the idea that our actions can impact others, and we should be mindful of how we use our freedom in Christ.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 8 affirms the belief in the one true God, emphasizes the importance of love over knowledge, and encourages believers to be mindful of how their actions can impact others.

In chapter 9 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

The right to receive support: Verse 14 says, "In the same way, the Lord has commanded that those who preach the gospel should receive their living from the gospel." This promises that those who preach the gospel have the right to receive support from those they minister to.

Running the race to win the prize: Verse 24 says, "Do you not know that in a race all the runners run, but only one gets the prize? Run in such a way as to get the prize." This promises that there is a prize to be won in the Christian life, and encourages believers to run the race with endurance.

Being all things to all people: Verse 22 says, "To the weak I became weak, to win the weak. I have become all things to all people so that by all possible means I might save

some." This promises that God can use our willingness to adapt to different circumstances to bring salvation to those who are lost.

The reward of self-control: Verse 25 says, "Everyone who competes in the games goes into strict training. They do it to get a crown that will not last, but we do it to get a crown that will last forever." This promises that there is a reward for self-control and perseverance in the Christian life.

The power of the gospel: Verse 23 says, "I do all this for the sake of the gospel, that I may share in its blessings." This promises that the gospel has the power to bless and transform lives.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 9 emphasizes the right of those who preach the gospel to receive support, encourages believers to run the race with endurance and self-control, and highlights the power of the gospel to transform lives.

In chapter 10 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

God's faithfulness: Verse 13 says, "No temptation has overtaken you except what is common to mankind. And God is faithful; he will not let you be tempted beyond what you can bear. But when you are tempted, he will also provide a way out so that you can endure it." This promises that God is faithful, and will not allow us to be tempted beyond what we can bear. He will provide a way out so that we can endure.

The privilege of partaking in the Lord's Supper: Verse 16 says, "Is not the cup of thanksgiving for which we give thanks a participation in the blood of Christ? And is not the bread that we break a participation in the body of Christ?" This promises that the Lord's Supper is a privilege and a participation in the body and blood of Christ.

The unity of believers: Verse 17 says, "Because there is one loaf, we, who are many, are one body, for we all share the one loaf." This promises that believers are united together as one body, sharing in the same bread.

The warning against idolatry: Verse 14 says, "Therefore, my dear friends, flee from idolatry." This warns against the danger of idolatry and the importance of fleeing from it.

The importance of doing all things for God's glory: Verse 31 says, "So whether you eat or drink or whatever you do, do it all for the glory of God." This promises that when we do all things for God's glory, we will experience fulfillment and purpose in our lives.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 10 emphasizes the faithfulness of God, the privilege of partaking in the Lord's Supper, the unity of believers, the warning against idolatry, and the importance of doing all things for God's glory.

In chapter 11 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

The importance of following Christ's example: Verse 1 says, "Follow my example, as I follow the example of Christ." This promises that when we follow the example of Christ and those who imitate Him, we will grow in our spiritual walk.

The order and structure of relationships: Verses 3-16 discuss the order and structure of relationships within the church, particularly regarding head coverings for women during prayer and prophesying. While this section does not contain a specific promise from God, it emphasizes the importance of maintaining order and structure in relationships within the church.

The significance of the Lord's Supper: Verses 23-26 emphasize the significance of the Lord's Supper, with Paul recounting the words of Jesus during the Last Supper. This promises that the Lord's Supper is a meaningful and important act of remembrance for believers.

The warning against partaking in an unworthy manner: Verse 27 says, "So then, whoever eats the bread or drinks the cup of the Lord in an unworthy manner will be guilty of sinning against the body and blood of the Lord." This warns against the danger of partaking in the Lord's Supper in an unworthy manner.

The promise of judgment: Verses 29-32 warn of the consequences of partaking in an unworthy manner, including judgment from God. However, verse 32 also promises that when we are judged by the Lord, we are being disciplined so that we will not be condemned with the world.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 11 emphasizes the importance of following Christ's example, maintaining order and structure in relationships within the church, the significance of the Lord's Supper, the warning against partaking in an unworthy manner, and the promise of discipline rather than condemnation when we are judged by God.

In chapter 12 of 1 Corinthians, there are several promises that can be attributed to God. Here are a few:

The diversity of spiritual gifts: Verses 4-6 say, "There are different kinds of gifts, but the same Spirit distributes them. There are different kinds of service, but the same Lord. There are different kinds of working, but in all of them and in everyone it is the same God at work." This promises that God has given diverse spiritual gifts to different people, all working together for the common good.

The unity of the body of Christ: Verses 12-14 say, "Just as a body, though one, has many parts, but all its many parts form one body, so it is with Christ. For we were all baptized

by one Spirit so as to form one body—whether Jews or Gentiles, slave or free—and we were all given the one Spirit to drink. Even so the body is not made up of one part but of many." This promises that all believers, regardless of their background or spiritual gifts, are united together as one body in Christ.

The importance of all members of the body: Verses 21-26 say, "The eye cannot say to the hand, 'I don't need you!' And the head cannot say to the feet, 'I don't need you!' On the contrary, those parts of the body that seem to be weaker are indispensable, and the parts that we think are less honorable we treat with special honor. And the parts that are unpresentable are treated with special modesty, while our presentable parts need no special treatment. But God has put the body together, giving greater honor to the parts that lacked it, so that there should be no division in the body, but that its parts should have equal concern for each other." This promises that all members of the body of Christ are important, regardless of how insignificant or prominent they may seem.

The importance of love: Verse 31 says, "But eagerly desire the greater gifts. And yet I will show you the most excellent way." This leads into the famous "love chapter" of 1 Corinthians 13, which emphasizes the importance of love in all aspects of life and ministry. This promises that love is the most excellent way, and that all spiritual gifts and actions must be rooted in love.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 12 emphasizes the diversity and unity of spiritual gifts, the importance of all members of the body of Christ, and the supreme importance of love. These promises remind us that we are all uniquely gifted by God to serve Him and others, and that we must do so with love and unity as the guiding principles.

In chapter 13 of 1 Corinthians, commonly known as the "love chapter," God promises the importance and power of love. Here are some of the key promises:

Love is essential: Verse 1-3 says, "If I speak in the tongues of men or of angels, but do not have love, I am only a resounding gong or a clanging cymbal. If I have the gift of prophecy and can fathom all mysteries and all knowledge, and if I have a faith that can move mountains, but do not have love, I am nothing. If I give all I possess to the poor and give over my body to hardship that I may boast, but do not have love, I gain nothing." This promises that love is essential for all Christian service and actions, and without it, everything else is meaningless.

Love is patient and kind: Verse 4 says, "Love is patient, love is kind. It does not envy, it does not boast, it is not proud." This promises that love is characterized by patience and kindness, and is not focused on selfishness or pride.

Love bears all things: Verse 7 says, "Love bears all things, believes all things, hopes all things, endures all things." This promises that love can endure any hardship or difficulty, and is always hopeful and faithful.

Love never fails: Verse 8 says, "Love never fails. But where there are prophecies, they will cease; where there are tongues, they will be stilled; where there is knowledge, it will pass away." This promises that love is eternal and will never fail, unlike other gifts or abilities that may eventually fade away.

Love is the greatest: Verse 13 says, "And now these three remain: faith, hope, and love. But the greatest of these is love." This promises that love is the most important and valuable attribute of all, and should be the primary focus of our lives and actions.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 13 promises the essential nature and power of love, and reminds us that all our actions, gifts, and abilities must be grounded in love if they are to have any true value or significance.

In chapter 14 of 1 Corinthians, God promises the importance of using spiritual gifts in a way that builds up the church and glorifies Him. Here are some of the key promises:

The gift of prophecy: Verses 1-5 encourage the use of the gift of prophecy, which is the ability to speak a message from God to edify, encourage, and comfort others. This promises that prophesying is beneficial to the church, and is to be pursued above other gifts such as speaking in tongues unless there is someone present who can interpret.

The gift of tongues: Verses 6-19 discuss the gift of tongues, which is the ability to speak in a language that is unknown to the speaker but may be understood by someone who has the gift of interpretation. This promises that speaking in tongues can also be beneficial to the church, but only if it is done in an orderly way that allows for interpretation.

The importance of edification: Verses 12-19 emphasize the importance of using spiritual gifts in a way that builds up and edifies the church. This promises that spiritual gifts should not be used to show off or elevate oneself, but rather to serve and encourage others.

The call for orderliness: Verses 26-33 call for orderliness in the use of spiritual gifts, with each person taking turns and seeking to build up the church. This promises that God is a God of order and not of confusion, and that the use of spiritual gifts should reflect this orderliness.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 14 promises the importance of using spiritual gifts in a way that serves and builds up the church, rather than for personal gain or to cause confusion. It also emphasizes the need for orderliness and edification in the use of spiritual gifts, and reminds us that the ultimate goal of spiritual gifts is to glorify God and advance His kingdom.

Chapter 15 of 1 Corinthians is focused on the resurrection of Jesus Christ and the promise of resurrection for all believers. Here are some of the key promises in this chapter:

The reality of Christ's resurrection: Verses 1-11 affirm the reality of Christ's resurrection and its significance as the foundation of the Christian faith. This promises that Christ truly rose from the dead, validating His claims and giving us hope for our own resurrection.

The promise of resurrection for believers: Verses 12-34 address the question of whether there is a resurrection of the dead, and affirm that Christ's resurrection guarantees our own resurrection as believers. This promises that we will be raised from the dead and receive glorified bodies like Christ's, with imperishable, immortal, and incorruptible bodies.

The victory over death: Verses 50-58 emphasize the victory that we have over death through Christ's resurrection and our own resurrection. This promises that death has been defeated and we have eternal life in Christ, with the hope of a future resurrection and reunion with our loved ones.

The transformation of our bodies: Verses 35-49 describe the transformation of our bodies in the resurrection, from perishable to imperishable, from natural to spiritual. This promises that our bodies will be transformed to be like Christ's, free from sin and corruption, and able to dwell in the presence of God.

Overall, 1 Corinthians chapter 15 promises the reality of Christ's resurrection, the promise of resurrection for believers, victory over death, and the transformation of our bodies to be like Christ's. It reminds us of the hope that we have in Christ, and the assurance of eternal life that we can have through faith in Him.

Chapter 16 of 1 Corinthians contains various instructions and greetings, but there are no explicit promises made by God in this chapter. However, we can draw some principles from the chapter that reflect God's character and His promises to His people. Here are some examples:

The principle of generosity: In verses 1-4, Paul instructs the Corinthians to collect money for the Jerusalem church. This reflects God's heart for generosity and caring for the needs of others, and His promise to bless those who give generously.

The principle of service: In verses 15-18, Paul commends Stephanas and his household for their service to the saints. This reflects God's heart for serving others, and His promise to reward those who serve Him and His people.

The principle of fellowship: In verses 19-24, Paul greets various individuals and sends greetings from others. This reflects God's heart for fellowship and community among His people, and His promise to be present where two or three are gathered in His name.

While there are no explicit promises made by God in 1 Corinthians chapter 16, we can see His character and His promises reflected in the principles of generosity, service, and fellowship that are present in the chapter.